HENNESSY'S
THREE STAR
BRANDY.
Insist upon having it.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,236—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1904. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid Brand Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 1904. 7 p.m.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
Saturday, 23rd July	OCEANA	6910		
30th "	BENGAL	4557	MONGOLIA	6605
6th Aug	PERSIA	7301		
13th "	VICTORIA	6523	EGYPT	7912
20th "	ARABIA	7903		
27th "	CALEDONIA	7568	CHINA	7912
3rd Sep.	BALLAARAT	4890		
10th "	ORIENTAL	5284	MOLDAVIA	9500
17th "	VICTORIA	6522		
24th "	ARCADIA	6603	MARMORA	10509
1st Oct.	ORIENTAL	5284		
8th "	CALEDONIA	7568	HIMALAYA	6588
15th "	PERSIA	7951		
22nd "	ARCADIA	6603	INDIA	7911
29th "	ARABIA	7903		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favorable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals call at ports en route.

W. C. SYMES,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 18th July, 1904.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms, Berths carefully selected. SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Fiaschi	11th Aug. 1904.
ARMAND-BEHIC	6,635	Guionnet	8th Sep. 1904.
NERA	5,876	Chevallier	6th Oct. 1904.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT, AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

S. S. "CALEDONIEN," 4,248 tons, Captain Gregori, to sail on or about the 19th Aug. 1904.

For further Particulars apply to

J. ESTRANGIN, Acting Agent,
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, & PORT SAID DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st Oct. 1904.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 500	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
† VINDOBONA	B. Cobol	1351	28th July 1904
† PERSIA	P. Graglietto	5,283	27th Aug "

† Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyds and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co, at reduced fares.
Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
AUSTRIA	R. Colladani	7,583	27th July 1904.

For further particulars regarding Passages, Apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent-General,
Sassoon House, 54, Church Gate Street.
Fort Bombay

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)....Rs. 550
Bombay to Marseilles.... " 525

Passengers proceeding to London from Marseilles are charged £5 extra for Railway Tickets at current rate of exchange on the fare to Marseilles. To New York, Rs. 700; Suez, Rs. 350; Port Said, Rs. 380.

Return Ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea), Rs. 850.

Return to London via Marseilles, and back from Liverpool, Rs. 900.

Return Tickets are available for two years.

Concessions on single ticket granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort. All Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

The following sailings have been arranged :—

Steamer	Captain	Tonnage.	Date.	Year.
MASSILIA	J. Thompson	8,091	6th Aug.	1904.
CHROMSSIA	Alex. Hair	8,716	16th Sept.	"
OLYMPIA	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	9,185	30th "	"

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by a B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For rates for steamers not carrying Baroona, and Steerage, or for any other information regarding Passage, &c., apply to the Undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on SATURDAY, 23rd July, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "AFRICA," 2,000 tons, on TUESDAY, the 26th July, at 10 a. m., calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Lingo, Bahrein, and Bushire.

FOR KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, AND BUSREH.

S. S. "KATORIA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 28th July, at 10 a.m.

FOR MORMUGAO, SEYCHELLES, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,010 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 26th July.

FOR MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,300 tons, on or about 10th Aug. (with transhipment at Delagoa Bay to Company's Steamers for Inhambane, Chindi, Quillimane and Mozambique.)

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "BHUNDARA," 3,000 tons, on or about 26th July.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 22nd July, 1904.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING, BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
Calcutta.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND AGENTS,

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO.

PASSAGES engaged by all Lines of Steamers.

INTERPRETERS at all Principal Ports.

HOTEL COUPONS available at 2,000 Hotels

CURRENT and DEPOSIT Accounts opened.

CIRCULAR NOTES and L/CREDIT issued and cashed.

PACKAGES Shipped to and from all parts.

INSURANCE, Fire, Life and Marine effected.

"COOK'S ORIENTAL GAZETTEE" containing Sailling Dates of all Steamers sent every other information for Travellers, and Post Free.

NO DOUBT

Imitation is the Highest Flattery!
We will give

Rs. 5,000

FIRST PRIZE, Rs. 2,000 CASH

To the purchasers of any one of the following articles :—

Set of STUDS or CHAIN, Re. 1/8.
Pure Silver LADY'S NECK CHAIN, Rs. 2/8.
Set of PURE SILVER STUDS, Rs. 3.
English Lever Round TIMEPIECE, (WITH FIVE YEARS' GUARANTEE.) Rs. 3/8.
English Lever Square TIMEPIECE, (WITH TEN YEARS' GUARANTEE.) Rs. 4/8.
Lady's or Gent's SILVER WATCH, (WITH FIVE YEARS' GUARANTEE.) Rs. 7/8.

WILL YOU READ THIS?

Our Watches and Timepieces are well worth their money; they are Durable and Reliable Timekeepers, for which we give a guarantee to set right free of cost, including breakage of Mainspring, Oiling, etc., etc.; also will pay the postage when sent to us for Repairs.

Prize Tickets issued free of cost up to the 6th August 1904, and the drawing will be held on the 13th August 1904, on the Art Union Principle in the presence of the public. All are cordially invited.

WEDDING AND BIRTHDAY PRESENTS.

A large stock of English Fancy Timepieces and cheap Jewellery of the latest designs from Rs. 3 to Rs. 110.

PRIZES.

		Rs.
Prize Cash		2,000
1 Do.	"	200
1 Do.	"	100
20 Prizes	" Rs. 10 each	200
500 Do.	" " 5 "	2,500
523 Prizes		Rs. 5,000

EXTRA PRIZE, Rs. 300.

N.B.—Out-Station Orders are promptly and carefully attended to on V.-P. P. System only.

And NOT against Money Order.

C. ARDESHER & Co.,

SOLE AGENTS,
ART JEWELLERS AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS,
178, DHURRUMTOLLAH STREET, CALCUTTA.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections. A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

To be had of

VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy,

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

THE KHANA KITAB,

By "SARAH."

AN INCOMPARABLE COLLECTION OF RECIPES FOR THE KITCHEN.

Invaluable to the Housekeeper.

ONE RUPEE.

COMBRIDGE & Co.,
BOMBAY.

KING, KING & Co., BOMBAY.
KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM. Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:
HENRY S. KING & CO.

WHY WASTE MONEY ON HARMFUL MEDICINES?

WE guarantee our Course in PHYSICAL CULTURE to cure the most obstinate cases of Obesity, Indigestion, Giddiness, Loss of Vitality, Loss of Appetite, &c.
No apparatus, and only 15 minutes a day of exercise.
Send two anna Stamps for particulars to

THE AMERICAN SCHOOL OF SCIENCE and PHYSICAL CULTURE,
32, Broadway, Madras

RATNER SAFE CO., LD.,
OF LONDON.
MANUFACTURERS OF TWELVE CORNER BENT FIRE, FALL, AND THIEF RESISTING SAFES.

WE have received a large consignment of these SAFES to be SOLD at the Wholesale Prices. Apply to the Undersigned, at their Office, 67, Meadow Street, Fort.

PURSHOTAM VISHRAM & CO.
SOLE AGENTS.
Bombay, July, 1903.

THE
ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES and TEN LAKHS INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rates are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its Establishment.

Unsurpassed in ADVANTAGES, and LIBERALITY POLICYHOLDERS.

Safest and Best Organization for Policyholders of any Indian Company.

Claims paid immediately upon receipt of satisfactory proof.

ENDOWMENTS AND ANNUITIES ON SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Company's Office, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—

Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

CUTLER PALMER & CO.,

THE WINE MERCHANTS OF INDIA,

ESTABLISHED AT HOME IN 1815; AT BOMBAY 1842.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

NAPIER JOHNSTONE'S
SQUARE BOTTLE WHISKY.

SAMUEL ALLSOPP & SONS' LAGER BEER.
U. K. MALT WHISKY as supplied to the House of Lords.
FEUERHEERD'S COMMENDADOR PORT.
G. H. MUMM'S "Extra Dry" CHAMPAGNE.

JOHN WALKER & SONS'

WORLD RENOWNED KILMARNOCK WHISKIES.

15, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(Established 1797).

THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LD.
(Established 1782).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

NEMESIS' THE MAGIC CURE for Malaria, Influenza, Intermittent, Remittent and Plague Fevers. A trial is solicited. Per Bottle, Re. 1
F. S. MADON & Co., 170, Shaikh Memon St. Bombay. AGUE SPECIFIC.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.

MADRAS.

REAL HAVANA CIGARS

MADE OF THE FINEST

HAVANA TOBACCO.

PRICES:—
"MULETA" Principes
4 3/8 inches, Rs. 19-12 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 20-8 per 100 in 25's.
"COMPOSIA" Especiales
4 3/8 inches, Rs. 17-0 per 100 in 50's.
"COMPOSIA" Imperatrix
4 3/8 inches, Rs. 22-8 per 100 in 25's.
"MULETA" Graciosos
3 3/4 inches. Rs. 13-8 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 14-8 per 100 in 25's.

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

Sample Boxes containing 5 of each of the above 4 brands delivered FREE anywhere in India at Rs. 3-15.

TRY THEM.

McDOWELL & CO.,
MADRAS AND LONDON.

THE BEST FOOD for all HOT CLIMATES.
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

Horlick's Malted Milk

Made of Pure, Rich Milk and an Extract of Choice Malted Grain condensed to Powder Form.
Takes the place of Mother's Milk in Infancy. Is the Best Food for Growing Children. Is Excellent for all Ages, but especially for Dyspeptics and Sleepless People. A Delicious and Invigorating Food-Drink, which suits Everybody. Is prepared instantly with water.

OF ALL AGENTS IN INDIA, BURMAH AND CEYLON.
Price 1s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
Or of HORLICK'S FOOD CO., 31, Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE "CAMPAIGN" WATCH

No. 1.

CRYSTAL FACE Rs. 23; HUNTING CASE Rs. 25.

When we say there is no Watch more recommendable at the price, we speak not only as practical experts, but from the reports invariably received from purchasers. Thousands are to-day recording faithfully the time in all parts of India.

The Cases are PURE NICKEL to wear white throughout, which will wear off and look unchangeable in colour and oxidize. Rs. 23 and consequently guaranteed not merely a wash of silver, shabby in a month, but not in the least likely to

THE MOVEMENT which is constructed on the most sound principles is jewelled in all essential parts. Carefully adjusted LEVER escapement. Compensation balance, indestructible keyless attachment.

Exact diameter two inches. Thickness 5-8 inch. Dial 1 & 5-8 inch.

IF INSTEAD OF HUNDREDS, we were selling only dozens, the "Campaign" Watch could not be supplied at anything like Rs. 23——Merit alone has made this demand.

Complete in case with spare mainspring and glass, open face, Rs 23, Hunting Rs. 25.

WARRANTED TWO YEARS.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PROVISION MANUFACTURERS TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

JOHN MOIR & SON, LD., LONDON.

MOIR'S Army and Navy Rations.
MOIR'S Patent Table Jelly Powders.
MOIR'S The Seville Orange Marmalade.
MOIR'S Pure Jams and Jellies.
MOIR'S Pure Pickles, in Brown Malt Vinegar.
MOIR'S Fresh Herrings, Kippered Herrings, and Herrings in Tomato Sauce, &c.
MOIR'S Mayfair Specialities, Camp Pies, Smoked Sausages, &c.

LARGE STOCKS, FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY, AT BOMBAY.

COMPLETE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

SAMUEL FITZE & CO., LD.,

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS.

MONGINI BROTHERS FOR ICES.
MONGINI BROTHERS FOR CAKES.
MONGINI BROTHERS FOR SWEETS.
MONGINI BROTHERS FOR CHOCOLATES.
MONGINI BROTHERS FOR CONFECTIONERY.

25-27, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

TELEPHONE NO. 325.

NOT "ONE OF THE BEST"
BUT
"THE BEST."
WATSON'S DUNDEE
WHISKY.

"MUSAFFI" PILLS

OF CASCARA AND MAYAPPLE
according to HUXLEY'S approved formula.
They "WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP"
For BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHES, INDIGESTION,
as a Purgative, 2 to 3 Pills on going to bed.
For CONSTIPATION and DYSPEPSIA
as a LAXATIVE and DINNER PILL, one for a dose.
100 Pills (sold in Bottles) for 12 Annas, plus 3 Annas for V. P. P.

BOMBAY AGENTS:

ESAFALLY HIPTOLLA,
ABDOOL REHMAN ST., BOMBAY.
UP-COUNTRY AGENT WANTED.

TRY! TRY!! TRY!!

DR. SPOONER HARTS

1. PREPARED MEAL No. 1 for DOGS. 2 PREPARED MEAL No. 2 for PUPPIES
3. BISCUITS for DOGS. 4 PREPARED FOOD for POULTRY.
5. "NUTRIENT" (a rich Fluid Food given with the ordinary Food for HORSE and CATTLE).

1. Every Dog owner should use Dr. Spooner Hart's Prepared Meal No. 1 for Dogs, a staple diet of great value and equally suitable for all classes.

Re. 1-0 per 10-lb bag.

2. PREPARED MEAL No. 2 for PUPPIES.—This will be found "par excellence" the Food for them. Being soft and nutritious, Puppies thrive and fatten upon it and there is no fear of worms developing in the bowels (which Puppies are so liable to when fed on other materials) whilst they are on this food.

Re. 1-0 per 10-lb. bag.

3. BISCUITS for DOGS.—An appetising staple diet for Sporting and other Dogs, and of great value to Shikar Parties, being easy of transport.

Rs. 2-0 per 10-lb. bag.

4. PREPARED FOOD for POULTRY.—Will double the profit of laying Birds and quickly increase the weight of Birds for the table, and is protective against disease.

Re. 1-0 per 20-lb. bag.

5. "NUTRIENT."—A fattening, conditioning fodder adjunct of distinction and unequalled value for maintaining condition. Horses and Cattle will fatten on it in a few days.

Rs. 3-0 per tin, with full directions.

R. S. HART BROS.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

TOM LIDDIARDS'
NEW AMERICAN ENTERTAINERS.
Coming ! Coming ! ! Arriving ! ! !
Per s. s. CHUSAN, August 1st Bombay.
Grand Opening Performances.
August 4th, THURSDAY AND August 5th, FRIDAY.
LATEST NOVELTIES
FROM
AUSTRALIA AND AMERICA.
Cleverest Combination
of
Vaudville and Variety Artistes
that have ever visited and performed in the East.
See further announcements for programme. Plan will be opened on August 1st at Seymour Dove's Music Warehouse.
Full Orchestra of 20 Performers.
T. J. MEADE,
Manager.

FOR HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY'S BAND THE FOLLOWING MUSICIANS WANTED:

TWO FIRST VIOLIN PLAYERS,
ONE FLUTE PLAYER,
ONE OBOE PLAYER.

For all particulars apply to THE DIRECTOR, of His Excellency the Governor's Band, Government House, Kirkee, "British Military or Ex-Military Bandsmen only need apply."

POONA FIRST EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 30TH JULY, 1904.

OWNERS are REMINDED that ENTRY CLOSES, at 6 P. M., on MONDAY, 25th July, 1904, (Only one Entry.)

CURSETJEE DHUNJEESHAW,
for Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Race Course, Poona, 20th July, 1904.

POONA RACING SEASON, 1904.

THE RACING SEASON will consist of the EXTRA MEETINGS July to October and of the POONA RACES and STEEPLECHASES in September and October.

THE EXTRA MEETINGS will probably commence on SATURDAY, 30th July, and it is proposed to hold Extra Meetings on SATURDAYS and HOLIDAYS during August, September and October.

THE POONA RACES and STEEPLECHASES will be held on 21st, 24th, 28th and 28th septe mber and 1st, 3rd and 8th October.

RATES for SEASON TICKETS will be as follows :—

	Whole Season of Extra Meetings and Poona Races and Chases	Extra Meetings only.	Poona Races and Chases only.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Single Ticket	50	30	25
Separate Ticket for Lady each	10	5	5

DAY TICKETS.
FIRST ENCLOSURE.

LADY ONLY	Rs. 2
SINGLE TICKET	,, 5
LADY if accompanied by Gentlemen	,, 1
CHILD	,, 2

SECOND ENCLOSURE.

SINGLE TICKET	Rs. 1-8
SOLDIERS IN UNIFORM	Re. 1-0
LADY or Child	As. 0-3

N.B.—Reserved accommodation for Ladies with Badges and for the Members of the Turf Club who wear their Badges is reserved on both the first and top floors of the Stand. TICKETS are obtainable at the Office of the Turf Club at the Race Stand, Poona, or at the Gate.
NO TICKETS will be issued without Payment.
SPECIAL TRAINS from and back to Bombay will run as usual.

CURSETJEE DHUNJEESHAW,
for Secretary, W. I. T. Club.

Race Stand, Poona, 1st July, 1904.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY,

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (In advance) ..... Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe), Rs. 15
Single Copy ..... As. 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, 13, Esplanade Road.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 184 of 1904.

HAJI ALI AKBAR MAHALATI, of Kazmain in Arabia but at present residing at Mazagon in Bomoay, Mogul Mahomedan Inhabitant, one of the Executors of the last Will and Testament of ZOHRA BEGUM, Daughter of SYED MEHDI TABA TABAI and widow of ISMAIL HABIB and MIRZA MUSA COWSEE, of Bombay, but at present residing in Ahmedabad, Mogul Mahomedan Inhabitant, by his Attorney the said HAJI ALI AKBAR MAHALATI.....Plaintiffs,

VERSUS

SHAH BABI, widow of AGA NOOROODIN SHA, of Bombay Mogul Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Mazagon, Nesbit Road, outside the Fort, an Executrix of the last Will and Testament of ZOHRA BEGUM, daughter of SYED MEHDI TABA TABAI and widow of ISMAIL HABIB .....Defendant

PURSUANT to an order of Reference of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay made in the above Suit and bearing date the fifth day of March One thousand nine hundred and four Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be interested as heirs in or creditors of the Estate of Zohra Begum daughter of Syed Mehdi Taba Tabai and widow of Ismail Habib, who died at Kazmain in Arabia, on the first day of March, One thousand nine hundred and three, are hereby required to file such claims in writing in the English Language in my Office within thirty days from the date hereof and the said claims are to specify the names and addresses of the claim nts the full particulars of their claims and statements of their accounts and the nature of the securities if any held by them in default whereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order.—Dated this 11th day of July, 1904.

A. K. OLIVER,
Commissioner.

LIST OF ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator General, Bombay, and of estates which have come under his charge :—

EDWIN SMITH, late in the employ of the Bombay Port Trust.
PESTONJI DADABHOY ASAVAID, late of Bandra, Parsi Inhabitant.
JANE MARY VALLADARES, late of Bombay Portuguese Inhabitant.
GONVILLE WARNEFORD, a Captain, late of the Bombay Political Department.
EDWARD PHILIP MARRIOTT, a Major, late Assistant Resident, Amreli.
THOMAS ALEXANDER DOWNES, late Engine Driver, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Byculla.
JAMSEDJI BOMONJI HAGOTIA, late of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the above-named estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

N. C. MACLEOD,
As. Administrator-General.

Administrator-General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 2nd July, 1904.

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NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited and will be received up to MONDAY, the 22nd August, 1904, for the SUPPLY of MINERAL OIL for Lubricating purposes required during the year commencing from 1st January, 1905.

2. Tenders must be submitted on printed forms of Tenderer's Schedule, which can be obtained from the Storekeeper, Hubli.

3. The Company's specification and conditions under which the contract will be let is attached to each form of Tenderer's Schedule. Any further information required can be obtained from the Storekeeper, Hubli.

4. Tenders should be addressed to the Agent, S. M. Railway, Dharwar, in sealed covers superscribed "Tenders for Mineral Oil."

5. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

6. The tenders will be opened in the office of the Agent of the S. M. Railway Company at Dharwar on Tuesday, the 23rd August, 1904, at noon.

J. BURN MURDOCH, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Agent.

Agent's Office, Dharwar, 20th July, 1904.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 511 of 1901.

MOTILAL SHIVLAL of Hyderabad Deccan carrying on business in Bombay at Kalbadevi road, by means of his munim, under the name and style of Shivlal Motilal .....Plaintiff.

versus

THE TAPIDAS VARAJDAS SPINNING & MANUFACTURING MILL COMPANY, LIMITED, a Joint Stock Company, having its Registered Office at Church Gate Street, within the Fort and DAYABHAI TAPIDAS VARAJDAS, carrying on business in Bombay, under the name of DAYABHAI TAPIDAS VARAJDAS and COMPANY, at Church Gate Street, aforesaid within the Fort .....Defendants.

WHEREAS by a Warrant of Sale, dated the 26th day of February, 1904, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION all the right, title and interest of the Defendant Dayabhai Tapidas in the lands and premises in the said Warrant mentioned; that is to say :—

All that piece or parcel of Farzandari land or ground with the house or sheds standing thereon situate at Khandera Wadi, in the Island and registration subdistrict of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under G Ward, Nos. 4142, 4143, and Street Nos. 11 and 13, and bounded as follows :—that is to say on the East by a passage, on the West by the property of Manmurdas Bapulal, on the North by a public passage, and on the South by a sweepers tolly.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on Friday, the 26th day of August 1904, at the hour of 12 o'clock in the afternoon the Sheriff of Bombay will under by virtue of the said Warrant of Sale put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title and interest of the said Defendant Dayabhai Tapidas in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs of previous execution and of the said warrant of sale.

The following is a list of the rights, charges and claims to which the said lands and premises are supposed to be liable :—

The claims of Bai Harcorebai and Bai Ambalaxmi the widows of the late Damodardas Tapidas and of the sons that may be adopted by them under the last Will and Testament of the said Damodardas Tapidas to use the two stalls out of the seven which are now in their respective use in the said stable for keeping their, her or his carriages and horses, such right to be personal to the said claimants and to the son that may be adopted without any power to the said claimants or the said adopted son to sell or let the said stalls to any person or persons whatsoever.

On the death of the said claimants the said Dayabhai Tapidas is to be at liberty to purchase the right of the adopted son on payment to him of Rs. 1,000 as provided for in an award bearing date the 3rd day of May 1900 in the dispute between Bai Harcorebai and others on the one hand and Dayabhai Tapidas on the other.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said defendant Dayabhai Tapidas to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said Defendant Dayabhai Tapidas have no saleable interest will never in the to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation and any money paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The above mentioned Plaintiff has not obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of the lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser, the remainder of the purchase money must be paid by the purchaser to the sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In the default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 22nd day of July, 1904.

IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA,
Sheriff of Bombay.

MESSRS. BHAISHUNKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

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TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL I TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes :—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 13, 1903.

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor*, the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say : "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can with the utmost confidence recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR . . .
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE
and beware of worthless imitations and substitutes

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes :—"Singer's

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE : 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to

AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000.			
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at death, or in			Age next Birthday
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 13	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 8	25
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	36
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 11	37
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 8	67 14	51 13	43 5	38
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	44 0	39
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41
42	39 6	71 11	54 13	46 14	69 12	54 8	46 4	42
43	40 13	73

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak)	Hongkong
Bombay	Singapore	Foochow
Calcutta	Kwala Lumpor	Saigon
Madras	Bangkok	Shanghai
Rangoon	Batavia	Tientsin
Colombo	Sourabaya	Hankow
Penang	Manila	Yokohama
Thaiping	Cebu (Philippines)	Kobe
Medan, Deli (Sumatra)		New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT accounts are opened and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. PER ANNUM on the minimum Monthly Balance up to Rs. 100,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months at FOUR PER CENT. per annum. Rates for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Acting Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £500,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy,
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin,
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar,
Karrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Eliya,	Mombassa
Steamer Point.	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realizing Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL (paid up) Rs. 31,89,950.

HEAD OFFICE:—Calcutta.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.

SUB-AGENCIES:—Amritsar, Mooltan and Murree.

RATES OF INTEREST ON FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 6 months 4 per cent. p. a.
" 12 " 5 " p. a.
" 2 years 5½ " p. a.

Our SPECIAL RATES for SHORT PERIOD, DEPOSITS of Rs. 1,000 and upwards may be ascertained on application.

Sums of not less than Rs. 10 are received as subscription in PRUDENTIAL or "HOME PASSAGE" Deposits accounts which carry interest at 5 per cent. p. a., compounded half-yearly. Cheques, etc., on Towns where the Bank has Branches, also Currency Notes of any Circle, are credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards, and receive 2 per cent. p. a. upon the daily balance, provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 100 is maintained.

For further particulars and Rules, apply to the Head Office or Branches.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager,

Bombay, 3rd May, 1904.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ..... $ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund ..... $ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund ..... $ 05,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... $ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers,—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY LD.,
LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER. Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt.)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.,
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G. } Managers.
A. M. TOWNSEND.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SAN FRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. ADAMS ORAM, Acting Agent.
7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

This is the age of research and experiment, when all nature, so to speak, is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides during the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine comes that of Therapion, particulars of which will be found in another column. This preparation is unquestionably one of the most genuine and reliable Patent Medicines ever introduced, and has, we understand, been used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, Maisonneuve, the well-known Chassaignac, and indeed by all those who are regarded as authorities in such matters, including the celebrated Lallemand, and Roux, by whom it was some time since uniformly adopted, and that it is worth the attention of those who require such a remedy we think there is no doubt. From the time of Aristotle downwards, a potent agent in the removal of these diseases has like the fabled philosopher's stone been the object of search of some hopeful generations, and far beyond the mere power—if such could ever have been discovered—of transmuting the baser metals into gold is surely the discovery of a remedy so potent as to replenish the failing energies of the confirmed roué in the one case, and in the other so effectually, speedily and safely to expel from the system without the aid, or even the knowledge, of a second party, the poisons of acquired or inherited disease in all their protean forms as to leave no taint or trace behind. Such is The New French Remedy Therapion, which may certainly rank with, if not take precedence of, many of the discoveries of our day, about which no little ostentation and noise have been made, and these extensive and ever-increasing demand that has been created for this medicine wherever introduced appears to prove that it is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. Therapion may be obtained in England, direct from the proprietor, and of the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the Colonies, India, China, Japan, &c., not even excluding such remote districts as Central Africa, the Fiji Islands, St. Helena, &c.—*Diamond Fields Advertiser* KIMBERLEY

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS are warranted to cure in either sex, all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, Gravel, and Pains in the Back. Free from Mercury' Established upwards of 30 years. Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Com-

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON, JULY 21.

SECURITIES—
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ..... £28 7-16 = — 5-16
3 do. Rentes ..... £98 = unchanged
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan ..... £101 3-4 = do
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper ..... £85 9-16 = do

SILVER—
Spot in London ..... 26 3-4 = — 1-8
2 months hence ..... 26 5-8 = — 1-8
Spot in New York ..... 58 1-4 = — 1-4

EXCHANGES—
Paris cheques ..... 25·23 = + 1-2
Berlin ..... 20·44 1-2 = + 1-4
New York Demand ..... 4·87 = — 1-8

DISCOUNTS—
Bank of England ..... 3 per cent = unchanged
3 months' sight Bank Bills ..... 2 7-8 per cent = + 1-8
6 " " Fine " Trade ..... 3 1-8 per cent = unchanged
Bills ..... 3 1-8 per cent = + 1-8
6 months' sight Fine Trade Bills ..... 3 5-8 per cent = + 1-8

INTEREST—
Day to day loans ..... 2 1-4 per cent = unchanged
7 day market loans ..... 2 5-8 per cent = + 1-8

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £ 1,50,000.
Extra Council Bills allotments.—Bills on Madras Rs. 10,000 at Is. 4 1-32d.

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 4-11, sellers

WHEAT—
Club No. 1 30, J.-A., sellers firm
Red Karachi 27 3-4 J.-A., sellers firm

BARLEY—
Yellow—Guzerat 34 5-8 J.-A., sellers
Yellow Cawnpore 35 5-8 A.-S. done } firm
Brown 31 1-8 J.-A., done

LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 36 1-2 J.-A. sellers quiet.

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York, 7 1-4.

ARRIVALS—
Steamers "Florida," "Maria Valaric."

In Liverpool—Cotton Market closed steady. Surats quiet. Manchester steady. Total sales 7,000. Spot 6·36 + 6. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 7 5-16 unchgd. Sold on speculation and for Export 300. Imports 1,000. Arrivals closed steady.

July-Aug	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
6·11 + 2	5·35 + 3	5·02 + 3
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·38 + 3	5·35 + 3	5·31 + 3
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mch.	Mch-Apl
5·31 + 3	5·31 + 3	5·32 + 3

Receipts at U. S. Ports 2,000
Do. last year 1,300
Exports to Great Britain 4,000
Do. do Continent ..... Nil

In New York—

Spot	11·00 unchgd.
Futures, month of July	10·87 + 3
Do. do. December	9·78 + 14

In New Orleans—

Spot	11 unchgd.
Futures, month of Sept.	9·16 + 8
Do. do. Dec.	9·57 + 9
Tone at close	steady

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m., on Thursday, 21st July, 1904:—

Cotton	426 bales.
Wheat	8,087 cwts.
Linseed	11,185 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard	4,159 "
Gingelly seed	934 "
Poppy seed	1,581 "
Groundnuts	172 "
Castor seed	5,891 "
Rice	3,958 "
Myrabollams	179 "
Cottonseed	1,879 "
Mowrah seed	8,112 "
Gram	1,747 "
Joowar	2,779 "
Maize	nil "

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, JULY 22.

Crop reports are not quite so satisfactory, as they have been during the past few weeks. In Guzarat and Kathiawar there are several complaints of want of rain, and crops are reported to be suffering owing to its absence. In Khandesh districts also, rain is much needed, especially for food crops. From the Deccan, good reports continue to be received, but more rain will be wanted there shortly. In the Central Provinces and the United Provinces, good rains are reported during the week and all crops are flourishing. In the Punjab and Rajputana, rain is urgently needed.

According to the meteorological report, the monsoon current continues weak on the West Coast, and conditions are not quite so favourable as they have been lately.

There is little change to record in the export trade of this Port. Fairly heavy shipments of seeds are in progress, and following firmer advices from Europe, a renewed advance has taken place in the price of oilseeds. Our cotton market was steady to firm throughout the week, with a good enquiry daily from the local mills, and some demand for export, chiefly to Japan. There is no improvement to record in our import markets. Business remains slack, and a renewed advance of the monsoon throughout the country is anxiously awaited. Sterling exchange is steadier in sympathy with a higher discount market in London. The money market continues very easy. About Rs. 15,00,000 were received in gold bullion and coin from Australia during the week under review.

COTTON.

Some reaction has taken place in spot prices in Liverpool since our last mail report, while in America there has been practically no change. Receipts at the U. S. ports are increasing slightly, but we have no advices as to whether this is due to early arrivals of new crop, or to the tardy forwarding of this season's crop. There is little change to be recorded in prices for future deliveries which have been fluctuating, and there is apparently a lull in the home markets after the excitement of last week. Crop reports continue to be satisfactory, though prices of futures for the past two days show steadier markets.

The following are the daily spot prices of Middling Americans in Liverpool and New York since last week.

	Liverpool	New York.
July 15th	6·72	11·03
" 16th	6·50	11·00
" 18th	6·50	11·00
" 19th	closed	10·95
" 20th	6·30	11·00
" 21th	6·36	11·00

In our local market prices have advanced both for ready cotton and for new crops. There is a steady demand from the Mills at Colaba and the offtake is increasing. Stocks are considered low, and with less favourable advices from up-country dealers are not so anxious to part with their holdings. There is a fair inquiry from Japan and moderate shipments are in progress.

In the Sutta market a renewed advance is to be recorded. It was currently reported that some export houses had sold for forward delivery, but the bulk of the transactions are still confined to the Marwaree bazaar. The want of rain in some up-country districts is said to be the chief cause of the upward movement in prices, and doubtless, when more satisfactory reports are received from the growing districts, quotations will be more on a parity with American futures than they are at present. We quote as follows for new crops:—

Fine M. G. Bengals	November	Rs.	222
do.	do. December	Rs.	214
do.	do. January	Rs.	208
F. G. (M. G.) do	do.	Rs.	194
F. G. (M. G.) do	do.	Rs.	193
F. G. (M. G.) Khandeish	do.	Rs.	215
Fine M. G. Damangaum	January	Rs.	232
" M. G. Berars	fair staple do.	Rs.	223
Good M. G. Broach	March	Rs.	246 1-2

The following are the actual clearances of cotton from Bombay to different Ports in Europe during the six months ending 30th June 1904.

To	1904 F. P. Bales
Liverpool	72,004
Hull	6,800
London	3,951
Manchester	4,070
Marseilles	4,307
Havre	41,401
Dunkirk	94,717
Antwerp	1,34,155
Ghent	350
Bremen	25,890
Hamburg	1,35,030
Barcelona	51,012
Genoa	87,935
Naples	4,950
Venice	50,409
Leghorn	14,455
Catania	1,400
Trieste	47,810
Fiume	13,853
Odessa	15,016
Riga	1,000
St. Petersburg	.....
Gothenburg	1,425
Malmo	300
Narrkoping	110
Constantinople	2,152
TOTAL	8,50,209

This compares with 778,549 bales shipped in the same period last year, showing a net increase of 77,660 bales i.e. 9·97 per cent.

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales
Receipts for the week	5,172
Receipts from 1st Oct. to July 21st	20,04,202
Shipments for week to Europe	2,278
Do. China, Japan, and Coast Ports	700
Total	2,978
Shipments from 1st Oct. to July 21st	
Europe	9,36,134
Japan	2,48,529
China	23,400
Coast Ports	15,486
Total	12,23,538
Afloat in Harbour for Europe	1,703
China, Japan, and Coast Ports	5,844

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone ..... quiet.
Estimated sales ..... bales 8,000
Imports ..... do 18,000

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
6·07 −4	5·32 −4	5·29 −3
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·33 −3	5·32 −3	5·29 −3
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April
5·28 −3	5·28 −3	5·29 −3

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

In sympathy with the strongly advices from home, business took place at advancing rates. Linseed, especially, has been very firm and with a good enquiry for shipment, prices were raised to Rs. 5-8 per cwt. closing slightly easier. Rapeseed has also been in demand and a moderate business is reported at 1 to 2 annas advance. Poppyseed is firm and shippers raised their buying rates to Rs. 6-4, but sellers are not keen to operate. In Castorseed also, quotations are about Re. 1 per candy higher than last mail, but with small stocks business is checked. The wheat market was firm throughout the week but there is little doing locally for export. Sellers are holding for higher rates.

Week's arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay.

Cotton	5,172 bales
Wheat	98,073 cwts
Linseed	70,475 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard	62,435 "
Gingellyseed	5,353 "
Poppyseed	18,095 "
Groundnuts	830 "
Castorseed	30,099 "
Rice	140,721 "
Myrabollams	4,475 "
Cottonseed	5,431 "
Mowrasced	64,244 "
Gram	8,193 "
Jowar	31,139 "
Maize	nil "

SEEDS—
Linseed.—Tone steady. Rs. a. p.
Ready ... ... 6 5 0 to 6 6 0
Rapeseed.—Tone steady.
Brown Cawnpore, Ready. 5 3 0
Yellow Cawnpore, Ready. 5 11 0
Yellow Guzerat, Ready 5 12 0
Poppyseed.—Tone steady.
Ready ... ... 6 3 0 to 6 4 0
Castorseed—Tone firm.
Ready 24 0 0
WHEAT.—Tone. steady.
Pissi 91 per cent. ... Rs. 28
Club, No. 1 ... Rs. 28 1-2

FREIGHT.

This market continues very quiet and we hear of little actual business taking place. Relets are reported for Hamburg at 14s. 9d., and some ready, lots were booked for Hull at 14s. 6d. and London at 14s. 6d. A Dunkirk filling up order was reported done at 13s. 6d. to 13s. 9d. We hear of no fixtures since last mail left. Quotations for forward shipment are unchanged, viz. August 14s. p. p. September to December 13s. 9d. p. p.

MONEY.

BANK RATE.—

Bank of England	since 21st April	3	per cent.
Bank of Bombay	do 16th June	3	do
Bank of Bengal	do 23rd June	3	do
Bank of Madras	do 6th July	4	do

The following is the Weekly Statement of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending 16th July last, as compared with that of the previous week:—

	LIABILITIES. Rs.	
Public Deposits	30,16,383	Increase
Other Deposits	7,20,400	do
Sundries	4,31,818	Decrease
	ASSETS.	
Government Securities	15,10,648	Increase.
Other Authorized Securities	10,812	do
Credits on Securities	3,03,402	Decrease
Loans	1,80,086	do
Bills discounted & purchased...	95,131	do
Balance with other Banks ...	351,607	Increase
Sundries	49,967	Decrease
Cash	21,08,439	Increase

These figures show a further falling off in the Trade Demand of about 8 1/2 lakhs.

The Bank of Bengal weekly cash balance is 32 lakhs down and that of the Bank of Madras is 2 3/4 lakhs down. The Official rate is unchanged in the three Presidency Banks. Our local money market remains very easy and quotations for short fixed deposits are still nominal, with only an occasional enquiry.

PAPER CURRENCY RESERVE.

The following are the latest returns as published in the "Gazette of India" for the 7th July.

	Rs.
Silver coin	12,64,78,908
Gold coin and bullion	18,22,89,231
Silver held as security	nil

Total of notes in circulation, Rs. 40,76,68,135.

COUNCIL BILLS.

The total amount of Council Bills sold during the week ending on Tuesday evening was 40 lakhs, no extras having been taken since last allotment. On Wednesday 40 lakhs was again put up for tender, and the price realized was one-thirty second over last week's rates, 29·30 lakhs of bills having been taken at 1s. 4d. and 10 70 lakhs of telegraphic transfers at 1s. 4 1/32d. tenderers at these rates receiving 26 per cent. For next week forty lakhs will again be put up for tender. A small extra allotment of Rs. 10,000 in bills at 1s. 4 1/32d. is advised.

The mail of the 8th July brings £60,000 silver and £70,000 gold, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs. 20,80,000
Bombay	" 8,70,000
Madras	" 6,00,000
Total ...	Rs. 35,50,000

The mail of the 15th July brings £80,000 silver, and £50,000 gold, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs. 20,80,000
Bombay	" 6,10,000
Madras	" 4,30,000
Total ...	Rs. 37,20,000.

The mail of the 22nd July brings £10,000 silver and £40,000 gold, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs. 13,10,000
Bombay	" 12,30,000
Madras	" 3,80,000
Total ...	Rs. 29,40,000

EXCHANGE.

This market was very steady throughout the week, and an advance of 1s. 1/32d. has been practically established for July delivery. In Bank paper even money was offered ready both for telegraphic transfers and Demand, but the enquiry from buyers is very limited. Early in the week 3 months' sight D. A. credits were placed in some quarters at 1s. 4 5/32d. but at the close 1s. 4 3/16d. is the best rate obtainable with 1s. 4 5/16d. for 6 months' sight. We hear of few bills having been sold for any delivery.

Forward quotations are as follows:—

	Bank T. T.	Bank Demand.	3 m.-st. Credits.
August	1/4	1 4 1-32	1 4 7-32
September	1/4	1 4 1-32	1 4 7-32
October	1 4 1-32	1 4 1-16	1 4 7-32
November	1 4 1-32	1 4 1-16	1 4 1-4
December	1 4 1-16	1 4 3-32	1 4 9-32
January	1 4 1-16	1 4 3-32	1 4 9-32

Exchange—Tone steady.

Bank T.T.	Is. 3 31-32d.	to	1 4d.
Bank Demand	Is. 4d		
Credit Bills 3 Months' Sight D. A.	Is. 4 3-16d.		
Do 6 do do	Is. 4 5-16d		
French Francs 8 do do	170 1-4		
Marks 3 do do	138		
Hongkong 30 Days' Sight	136		
Shanghai 60 do do	190		
Japan 30 do do	149		

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Early in the week this market was firm and the rate was advanced to Rs. 98-15 for cash paper. Later on the exciting telegrams received relating to the seizure of the steamer "Malacca," combined with the renewed fall in Consols, caused a set-back, and rates declined about 1/2 per cent. At the close a steadier feeling is again apparent, owing to the reassuring news from home received to-day. A large business is passing in the bazaar. We quote:—

3 1/2 per cent. cash	Rs.	98-11
3 1/2 per cent in Next August	Rs.	98-9
3 per cent ready	Rs.	86-10

	Repayable.	Rate.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust ...	1923	105 0
4 per cent " " ...	1930	105 8
4 per cent " " ...	1932	105 8
4 per cent Bombay Municipal ...	1926	103 4
4 per cent " " ...	1943	105 0
5 per cent " " ...	Tanna	116 117
5 per cent " " ...	Sanitary	115 116
4 per cent B. A. Impt. Trust ...	1959	104
4 per cent " " ...	1964	105

BULLION.

The silver market is again very active, and prices have recovered the decline advised in our last mail report. A large business is reported as put through during the week. In gold the market is also steady with a good off-take.

	Rs. a. p.
English Bar Gold	24 0 3
Australian Bar Gold	24 0 6
Bombay do	24 0 0
English Shield Sovereigns	15 2 3
Do. Dragons	15 0 0
Silver ex-duty Ready	68 8 0
Do. 1st settlement	68 6 0
Do. 2nd do.	67 14 0

PIECE-GOODS.

The market continues exceedingly dull all round, no enquiry of any consequence from upcountry, prices weak and declining, and stocks accumulating. Nothing is being done by the offices either for ready or forward goods except a small line here and there, dealers not being inclined to operate at anything like rates required.

LOCAL YARNS.

This market was steady since last mail left and the sales are reported at 10,000 bales, chiefly in Nos. 12 s. and 20 s. at the close the tone is quiet but steady with prices unchanged from last week.

METALS.

We hear of little business reported in these markets. There is no change in Copper and Yellow Metal and no forward business is doing. Iron and Steel are quieter, as stocks are accumulating and the demand from up-country is now next to nothing. Spelter is firm and Quicksilver in declining.

COALS.

Desherghur (Bengals) sales are reported at Rs. 11-10 ready and Rs. 11-8 to end of the year. Heilger's Standard sales reported at Rs. 10-4 to end of the year, and Jardine's Navigation ready has been sold at Rs. 10-4. The market is quiet but steady.

SHARES.

The market was quiet during the week; Bank of Bombay shares have improved to Rs. 379 1/2 X-D. Commercials are weak at Rs. 48. In Mill shares Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company changed hands up to Rs. 500, and are again quiet at Rs. 492 1/2. Colaba Land and Mill shares have changed hands at Rs. 420. Central Indias at and about Rs. 1,585. Chinas are quiet at Rs. 550 X-D. Carrimbhais at Rs. 645 X-D Davids at Rs. 230. City of Bombay Mill shares are steady at Rs. 750. Hindoostans have declined to Rs. 330, Indian Manufacturing Company shares to Rs. 420. Western Indias to Rs. 260. Kohinoors are steady at Rs. 365. Morarjis and Shoolpurs are steady at Rs. 1,775 and Rs. 1,880 respectively. Southern Marathas are quiet at Rs. 115. Standards are unchanged at Rs. 415. Swadeshis have changed hands at and about Rs. 840. Khandesh Mill shares are steady at Rs. 665, Presidency Mill shares at Rs. 600, Ripons are unchanged at Rs. 450, Queen Mill shares have changed hands at Rs. 535, Manekji Petits have declined heavily to Rs. 2,040 in the middle of the week and have again improved to Rs 2,065. In Press Companies, Mofussils are reported to have changed hands at and about Rs. 540, New Kerars are unchanged at Rs. 525, Indian Cotton at Rs. 165, Harvey and Sabapathy hav declined to Rs. 575, Hingolies to Rs. 140, Khangam Cotton Press shares have declined to Rs. 350. Munmars are steady at Rs. 265, French Press shares are weak at Rs. 500. In Railway Companies, Ahmedabad Dholka have improved to Rs. 103, Ahmedabad Prantej are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 522 1/2, and Tapti Valley at Rs. 395. In miscellaneous list, Alcocks are steady at Rs. 278, Bombay Burmahs have improved to Rs. 7,650, quarter shares to Rs. 1,925 Badham Piles are unchanged at Rs. 144, Bombay Ice Manufacturing Company shares have changed hands at Rs. 48, Kemps at Rs. 249 C. D. Treachers are steady at Rs. 530 X. D. Bombay Telephones are unchanged at Rs. 25 1/4, Port Cannings have changed hands and at about Rs. 430. The rest of the Companies are unchanged at previous quotations. The tone of the mill shares is quiet chiefly on account of the absence of rain in Guzerat.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 21.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed ..... steady
East Indians ..... quiet
Good Shownugger ....
The Manchester Market has been ..... steady
3 1-2 per cent Consols 83 7-8
3 percent Rentes 98
3 1-2 per cent Sterling Loan 104 3-4
3 1-2 per cent Rupee Papers 83 9-16
Bar Silver 26 3-4

The sum of about £150,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—
Total Bullion, £31,500,000 Increase £100,000
Public Deposits, £7,000,000 Increase £300,000
Other Deposits, £20,800,000 Decrease £200,000
Govt Securities, £16,400,000 Decrease £500,000
Other Securities, £25,200,000 Unchanged
Notes and Gold, £24,300,900 Increase £100,000
The Banks Reserve is 51 per cent of the Liabilities

DIVINE SERVICES.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL

VIII SUNDAY, AFTER TRINITY JULY 24.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral Tours in C.
Hymns—11, 289 and 299.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong Canticles. Tours in F. and Sermon.
Hymns—418, 440 and 433.
Collections for—S. S. J. E.
Daily Matins at 6·45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.
Monday—St. James—Holy Communion (Choral)—7-15 a.m.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.

(Madras Time)
8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion.
9-30 a.m.—Matins.
Hymns—174 and 253.
No Evening Services.

CHURCH OF St. STEPHEN, BANDORA.

11-15 a.m.—Matins, Sermon and Celebration of the Holy Communion.
Hymns—217, 208 and 322.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a. m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist—(Choral,) Preacher—Rev Father Langmore.
10 a. m. Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon. Preacher—Rev. Father Nicholls.
Stainers Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis.
Hymns—231, 250 and 165.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—167, 313 and 184.
5 p. m. Childrens Service.
6 p. m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—348, 236 and 48.
Offertories for Church Expenses.

ST. NICHOLAS' SEAMEN'S CHURCH.

(Opposite the Main Gate of Prince's Dock.)
8 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
6-30 p. m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Wednesday's Evensong and Sermon.
Chaplain Oliver W. E. Grant.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.

(Afghan Memorial Church.)
8 a.m.—Choral—Celebration of the Holy Communion.
9 a.m.—Parade Service.
6-30 p. m.—Evensong and Sermon.
7 a.m.—Evensong, Choral and Sermon.
Offertories—during the day for Church Expenses.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

(Bellasis Road, opposite Byculla Club.)
8-30 a. m.—Sunday Service.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Preacher for both services Rev. J. O'Brien.
Week night Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 6 p.m.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

(Church of Scotland.)
11 a. m.—Morning Service.
Psalm—5.
Hymn—214.
Hymn—70.
Hymn—288.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

7-45 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer, and Sermon.
Collections for the Church Expenses and Poor.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral)
Hymns—167, 304, 322, 161 and 295.
4-45 Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—124, 500, and 266.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

(Wandby Road.)
8 a.m—Sunday School.
11 a. m.—United Service, (St Andrew's Church.)
4-30 p.m.—Fellowship Association.
6 p.m.—Evening Service—Rev Alex S. Crichton.
Hymns—207, 305 and 19.
Psalm—23.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.

(Colaba Causeway.)
8 a.m.—Parade Service Preacher—Rev. C. Ryder Smith B.A.
6 p.m.—Evening Service, Preacher—Rev. C. Ryder Smith B.A.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
3-30 to 9-30 p.m.—Social Hour.
(Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens, Byculla.
9-30 a.m.—Preacher—Rev. A. S. Revnell.
6 p.m.—Preacher—Rev A. J. Reynell.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.

CONTENTS:—

1-2 ADVERTISEMENTS
3 CONTENTS—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE
4 THE WEEK
5 The Tirah Expedition.
6 Sporting News—Bombay Gymkhana Mounted Sports—Poona Mounted Sports—Cricket in Poona—Poona Fox Hounds.
7 Cricket in Bombay—Bombay Rifle Club—A Polo Accident—Golf at Ganeshkhind—Association, Football—Football at Indore
8 Bangalore Races—The Bangalore Polo Tournament—The Bombay Will Case at Sanjana—Military Intelligence
9 Army Manœuvres at Poona—A Claim for Reinforcements—Sale of Ice in Bombay—Bombay Improvement Trust—Breach of Promise of Marriage
10 Bombay Standing Committee—Charge of Defamation—The Bombay City Police—The Amir and Medical Aid
11 Bolgaum Notes—The False Telegram Case
12 Outrages by Outlaws—The Bank of Bombay—Electricity in Kabul—Death of Colonel Minch
13 Indian Corp Prospects—The Improvement of Nowshera—The Retirement of Mr. Hon Mr Justice Crowe—The Loss of the Australia—The late Mr. J N Tata—Afridis in Kabul
14 The Mofussil Union of Western India—Notes from Surat—Mischief by a Rabid Dog in Poona—Corporator versus Corporation—Convictions under the Press Act—Charges Against a Pleader
15 A Bombay Appeal Case—Bombay District Municipal Act—The B mang Gazette, 1903—Ahmednagar
16 Sind, Notes and News—Thana Notes—Refusal to Issue Witness Summonses—Claim Against a Railway Company—Indian Investments and Banks
17 LEADING ARTICLES: British Relations with Tibet—Industrial and Commercial India
18 LEADING ARTICLES: The Gondal State—The Administration of Mauchuria
19

THE
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DHARIWAL, PUNJAB,
Manufacture Everything they deal in, including
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Specially designed for Bombay wear to stand daily washing.
SUPERFINE
CASHMERES
for LADIES' COSTUMES,
in 60 Shades,
54" wide, Rs. 3-0 per yard.
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HOME OR SHIKAR.
NAVY SERGES,
NAVY WORSTEDS,
NAVY BROADCLOTHS,
For YACHTING and AT SEA.
BLANKETS for HORSE,
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and BED.
Knitted Cholera Belts, As. 9 to Rs. 1-4,
All Army Necessaries and all
Classes of Woollen
(but no Cotton or Linen)
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Officers Commanding Regiments and Quartermasters are respectfully requested to send for our Price List of
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HARNESSES, SADDLES, BITS, & CURBS, HEAD COLLARS, KNEE CAPS, BOOTS, BUCKLES, REINS, etc., etc.
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Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.
CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.
HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.
ARABS and COUNTRY-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 20), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Ponies broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25), Double Harness (Rs. 50). Troublesome horses charged extra.
HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 25 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 8 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold Re. 1-7. Examination and Certificate Re. 10. Veterinary opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.
ORDERED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 4 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at very reasonable rates consistent with good quality.
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NEW MEMORIAL DESIGN BOOK NOW ON HAND.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Tenny Lodge, 2675 tons, Captain J Newman, sailed yesterday for Port Said, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Vortigern, 1932 tons, Captain J Fairweather, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta 8th July with a cargo of coal.

THE Venice S N Co's steamer Alberto Treves, 2339 tons, Captain E Colacopello, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via Colombo, with the same bottom cargo.

THE Hansa Line steamer Wartburg, 3609 tons, Captain L Schmidt, arrived in harbour on Saturday evening from Hamburg, 18th June, with a general cargo and 3 deck passengers.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Austria, 4879 tons, Captain R Caleslaui, arrived in harbour yesterday from Trieste 28th June, via Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr Adler, Mr Danner, Assistant Surgeon and Mrs Rodrigues and 3 children, Sub-Conductor E S Nagle, Assistant Surgeon W J S Maine and 23 Ladies and Gents of Warens Circus.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

H M S Perseus	Capt M R Hill		Royal Navy
H M S Redbreast	Lt Comdr H C Somerville		Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge	De Berry		R I Marine
R I M S Canning	Wilson		R I Marine
R I M S Lawrence	Lt Comdr Hodgkinson		R I Marine
R I M S Investigator	Comdr T H Heming		Survey steamer
Torpedo Boat	Baluchi		
Do	Kareo		
Do	Pathan		

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—JULY 22.

Vessel.	Ton.	Agt.	Destination Date.	Agent.
Diana (bque)	696	Pahlson		W & A G & Co
Deutschland (s)	703	Nacoda		The Captain
Ismail Karim	535	Nacoda		G Muthwali
Jelunga	3361	Windeoank		M M & Co
Avoca	3410	Lowe		M M & Co
Canara	1216	Carey		M M & Co
Shahnoor	2198	Davisong		E Tajobo
India	2504	Forbes		M M & Co
Mutira	2953	Alexander		M M & Co
Onda	3410	Robertson		M M & Co
Chindwara	1482	Maclean		M M & Co
Istriar	2976	Hyde	Hull	Nixon & Co
Den of Airlie	2260	Jarvis		T Morrison and Co
Orissa	3515	Fry		M M & Co
Thetsis	3503	Goldsmith		P & O S N Co
Itria	3120	Tice		M M & Co
Vadala	2104	skinner	Calcutta	M M & Co
Ooma	196	Johnstone		M M & Co
Bhundara	2215	Swanson	Calcutta	M M & Co
Umta	3492			M M & Co
Vortigern	1932	Fairweather		T Morrison & Co
Austria	4879	Caleani		A L S N Co
Wartburg	3609	Schmidt		Glade & Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCES DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination Date.	Agent.
A	Clan Grant	2505	Cowie	Antwerp 30-7	F Muir & Co
B	Imogen	2451	Edwards	Amsterdam 23-7	F M & Co
C	Crewe Hall	3589	Houghton	Chili 27-7	K Nixon
F	Hollowell	2708	Scurr	Antwerp 23-7	M M & Co
G	Alboin	650	Raison	Shore 23-7	F F O'Cell & Co
H	Nerbudda	1081	Pearce	Gaudiar 26-7	M M & Co
K	Mahammadi	1232	Galley	repairing	P & O S N Co
L	Akbar	1446	Balswin	Repairing 29-7	H C Joosub
M	King Arthur	1047	Bunel	Gearing 29-7	P & O S N Co
N	Runderetin	1319	Arens	Zanzibar 31-7	A Strandes
O	Naderi	1168	Metcalfe	Red Sea Ports 23-7	P & O S N Co
Q	Lindenhall	2665	Edwards	Antwerp 29-7	J M & Co

HARBOUR WALL P. DOCK.

Mahanadi	547	Hoseio	Karachi	23-7	Shpd & Co
Courland	7.0	Ebrahim	M Goa	25-7	shpd & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
1	Alavia	2973	Peel	Mauritius	21-7	E Tajobhoy
3	Pekin	252	Cooks	China	23-7	P & O Co
4	Glan Girdon	2205	Gilmore	Colombo	30-7	F Muir
5	Coromandel	2782	Stoddard	China	27-7	P & O Co
7	Clodmoor	2408	Dyason	Hamburg	4-8	W & A G & Co
7	Lismore	2217	Sloane	Italy	27-7	F Muir
8	St George	2673	Pugh	Dunkirk	30-7	K Nixon & Co
10&11	Oceana	3.0	Street	London	25-7	P & O Co
14	Dwarka	753	Rothwell	Kobi	23-7	M M & Co
15	Pronca	2282	Mosay	Chili	30-7	K N & Co
16	Africa	1202	Carey	Persian Gulf	26-7	M M & Co

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

Bengal	2751	Phillips	30-7	P & O S N Co

ARRIVALS.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
21	Wartburg s	Schmidt	Hamburg, June 18
22	Vortigern s	Fairweather	Calcutt., July 8
22	Austria s	Caleodani	Trieste, June 25

DEPARTURES.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
22	Nera s	Chevallier	China, &c
	Alberto Treves s	Iacopello	Calcutta
	Fenay Lodge s	Newman	Port Said

The steamer Nairung, entered for loading yesterday for Calcutta, &c.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

July	Names.	Tons.	From
19	Adato	2145	Bombay
19	Dupleix	2264	Pondicherry
19	Kenley	5431	Colombo
19	Siros	1653	Colombo
19	Strathnevis	203	Colombo
19	Yaroba	3957	Rangoon

DEPARTURES.

July	Names.	Tons.	For
19	Falls of Lorne	2150	Madras
19	Zabenzhla	2691	Rangoon
19	Flamingo	2160	Bombay
19	Clanmatis	2392	Bombay
19	Urlana	3384	Rangoon
20	City of Benares	4316	London
20	Clan Farquhar	2757	London
20	Somali	1393	London
20	Clan Sutherland	1491	London via Chittagong and Rangoon
20	Johannisberger	1847	Hamburg
20	Citta di Nuova Orleans	3093	Venice etc
20	Itola	3362	Bombay

MADRAS

ARRIVALS.

July.	Vessel.	From
11	Argyll	Calcutta
16	Arcopo	Calcutta
19	Clan Matheson	Cocanada
19	Clan Leslie	Cocanada

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Golconda left Suez on the afternoon of the 21st instant.

ADEN, JULY 22.

The P and O Co's steamer Arabia, with the homeward mails of the 16th instant, arrived here at 7 a.m. to-day (Friday).

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 21.

FOR DUNKIRK

St George s—1050 cwt myrabolams Waghjee Beeher; 400 cwt poppyseed and 40 cwt myrabollams Societa Colonniale Italiana.

FOR ANTWERP.

Clangrant s—7500 cwt rapeseed and 100 bales cotton Volkart Brothers; 100 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 2600 cwt castorseed Ernst Lam and and Co.

Bodleswell s—1950 cwt myrabollams David Sassoon and Co.

Lindenfels s—50 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 4000 cwt rapeseed Ernst Lam and Co; 2400 cwt wheat Tata and Co; 100 cwt drill seed Bauer and Krauss.

FOR AMSTERDAM.

Imogen s—6427 cwt linseed Ralli Brothers.

FOR GENOA,

Clangordon s—15 bales cotton Ralli Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Den of Airlie s—2260 cwt wheat 1230 cwt mowrasseed 12000 cwt poppyseed 12133 cwt linseed 30335 cwt teolseed Ralli Brothers.

FOR HAMBURG.

Clodmoor s—2000 cwt rapeseed V Velljee and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Nera s—300 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co, Coromandel s—200 bales twist Tata and Co.

FOR HONGKONG,

Pekin s—68 cwt gingelyseed and 45 cwt linseed 3 cwt gall nuts D Vithaldas.

JULY 22.

FOR HULL.

Istrar s—301 cwts castorseed Sanday and Co;

FOR ANTWERP.

Clan grant s—100 cwts gum, Jamnadass Naroberam; 4000 cwts rapeseed, and 1000 cwts poppyseed, Volkart Brothers.

Lindenhall s—5.00 cwts rapeseed, 2000 cwts poopyseed, Ernst Lam and Co; 40 2 cwts castorseed, and 2001 cwts rapeseed Societa Colonniale Italiana.

FOR HAMBURG.

Clodmoor s—929 cwts Poppyseed, 2805 cwts rapeseed, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 8700 cwts castorseed and 3019 cwts rapseed 55 bales cotton Ralli Brothers; 4000 cwts wheat Tata and Co; 500 cwts Myrabolams, H. Annandrao and Co; 2020 cwts wheat, Dharsee Nanjee and Co; 300 cwts buffalo hoarns, Bundally Esmail.

FOR HONGKONG,

Pekin s—200 bales twist Sassoon J, David and Co; 300 bales twist C. Ebrahim and Co; 82 cwts Sharkina R. Dhanjee and Co;

Coromandel s—103 bales twist C. Ebrahim and Co; 8 cases opium, P. and O. S. N. Co;

FOR SHANGHAI,

Pekin s—103 bales twist David Sassoon and Co; 10 bales twist E. D. Sassoon and Co;

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE,

SQUADRON ORDERS, BY MAJOR T. W. CUFFE, COMMANDING BO. LT. HORSE,

Bombay, July 21.

1 There will be shooting at the Colaba Range for the monthly Challenge Cup and practice this Saturday afternoon the 23rd instant from 4 p m.

2 There will be Drill for Recruits at the Town Hall and not at the Cathedral High School as already stated on Monday the 25th, Tuesday 26th and Thursday the 28th instant at 5-30 p.m.

3 Trained members are reminded that there will Semaphore Signalling on Monday 25th and Thursday 28th instant at 5-30 p.m.

4 Members are requested to make a Special effort to attend on Monday evening next as the Brigade Signalling Officer will be present.

By Order,
F. A. REDDIE, Lieut.,
Ag. Adjutant, Bo. Lt. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY,

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, July 23.

Leave of absence has been granted to the undermentioned as stated against their names—Lieut H W R Pennington, 4 months, from 9th instant; Gr G Blandford, 18 months, from the 21st instant.

By Order,
A. STIFFE, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 16th July 1904.

The Weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC
SURGEONS IN THE EAST,
By Appointment to
H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON,
P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E.,
VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.
LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished, and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.
HEAD OFFICES:—
37 and 39, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON.
OFFICES IN THE EAST.
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON
Sole Vendors in India and Burmah
of
SIR HOWARD GRUBB'S RENOWNED
ASTRONOMICAL
INSTRUMENTS and FITTINGS.
Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1904.

MANCHURIA.

THE great province of Manchuria, which has given a dynasty to the most conservative country in the world, and which has itself within the last few years become almost an appanage of a European power, contains within its borders every variety of physical formation, soil and climate. Its resources are unlimited, though they have as yet been only partially exploited. The United States Consul at Antung, Mr. James Davidson, F.R.G.S., has seen much of the country and gives an interesting description and history of it in the current "Century." Koreans occupied the South of the country for centuries, until the hardy Manchus from the North grew strong enough to expel them. Until Russia leased a small part of the rocky southern division, they remained supreme. More than one of the European powers have acquired concessions in Manchuria since then, but Russia has more widely extended her sway than any other. The permission to command the great wheat district in which Harbin now stands, and through which her railway runs, established her influence there; it was not unknown in the northern grassy plains or mountainous regions that extend for four hundred and fifty miles beyond Harbin. Germany and France thrown into one would about equal Manchuria. Its climate is colder than that of either of these countries, but in spite of the severe cold of winter, when the thermometer often drops to 45° below zero, the soil gives a rich return to the farmer in all the best food-grains. The valley of the Liao river is never visited by famine, it could give indeed its staple product, beans, to the whole world. Newchwang harbours a fleet of ocean-steamers occupied in exporting cargos of Manchurian beans to the amount of ten million dollars. Wheat is being more extensively grown every year, and the Chinese are constructing the most modern flour-mills as fast as they can, and find their advantage in so doing. The rivers of Manchuria are numerous and available. The Sungari is entirely a local stream, from start to finish, and is navigable for 700 miles. The Amur and its tributary, the Shilka, between them have two thousand miles of navigable length. The Argun bears steamers for 500 miles, the Liao and the Yalu are not as manageable, but Chinese boats ascend them for several hundred miles. The alu is the river with most pretensions to beauty, and plays an important part as the boundary of Korea, and is the seat of several large towns.

Before the Manchu dynasty moved into China to rule it, Mukden had been the capital for a hundred years. The Tatar General and duplicate members of the various Pekin boards still reside there. It is the largest city in Manchuria, the chief fur-market, an important commercial centre, and now open by treaty to international trade. There are many other large towns, such as Newchwang, with a very cosmopolitan population, though the bulk of the trade is in Chinese hands; Liao-yang is awarded the merit of being the cleanest city seen by Mr. Davidson in his Manchurian travels. Harbin, though the youngest, is the most prosperous of the Russian towns. Three years ago it did not exist, and now it contains 60,000 people, half of them Russians. Its growth has beaten most records, it has every sort of institution, finely housed and well managed. Being in the heart of the wheat region and provided with excellent mills of the latest type, it can turn out unlimited quantities of flour, in fact, as long as Russia holds Harbin and its environs there is no fear of her Army starving. The Manchus, though a nomadic people, cherished a steady ambition, gradually extending their influence, until China saw herself bound to conciliate them. By craft and skill, as well as by a successful invasion of China, they imposed their rule on that great Empire, which continued to show the greatest respect for the Manchus, even forbidding Chinese to hold land in Manchuria. To foster the warlike character of the people they were enrolled under banners and given a certain amount of pay to make them independent of toil for their daily bread. However, this design worked out on a reverse system, for the Manchu remittance-men gave up the hardy life they had led as hunters or herdsmen, and degenerated into a lazy crew. When their accredited prowess was put to the test against Japan, it proved to be a delusion. The Chinese gradually, in spite of the prohibition to hold land, got possession of many of the broad and deep Manchu acres, and now more than ninety per cent of the people in Southern Manchuria are Chinese in the North, the Mongols are most in evidence. It is impossible to know the exact numbers of the people. They may be estimated at anything from eight and a-half to eighteen millions. But there are not enough of the inhabitants to supply the labour market, and Chinese coolies come in their tens of thousands to do the work in the spring, returning to China with their savings in the winter.

Manchuria has a military Governor-General under the Emperor of China. Manchu officers are expected to keep up their warlike ardour and skill by paying yearly shikar visits to the wild imperial hunting-grounds in Shengking province. The big game hunted by them is supposed to be sent as trophies to the Emperor. But the mandarins are grown much too luxurious for such rough expeditions and while they eat opium and listen to "the music of the sing-song girls," professional hunters do the yearly killing for presentation to the Emperor. Russia's interest in Manchuria dates from over forty years ago, when she acquired by rectification of the Siberian frontier, the portion in which Vladivostock now stands. When in 1895 Japan marched off with the honors of war, Formosa and the Liaotung peninsula, Russia induced her to restore the latter to China, Germany and France supporting Russia in her plea that it would be impolitic of Japan to retain the peninsula. When the extension of the Siberian railway line was being planned in 1897, Russia obtained China's permission to winter her ships in Port Arthur, early in the next year she acquired a lease of that harbour and of them in that neighbourhood. This done, Russia re-occupied the posts she had previously held and many others beside, showing a decided objection to withdraw her garrisons again. Hence the Manchurian imbroglio. Mr. Davidson is careful to note that the Hunhuses, who trouble the Russians, are of no special race. They are simply ordinary Manchus or Chinese who prefer the exciting and irregular life of banditti to tending flocks or cultivating the earth. It is far more interesting to them to hold up wealthy travellers, rob farms, or loot caravans, and then to ride off into the vast wildernesses with which Manchuria is well provided and where it is not easy to catch them. They exact contributions from travellers in the most business-like way possible. Safe-conducts are to be purchased of the agents of the Hunhuses at their regular established offices in different important centres. The Russian engineer in charge of a certain section of the Harbin line paid them a precautionary toll for each cart of supplies. This kept them moderate in their demands and secured his loads. It is sad to think that Port Arthur, on which Russia lavished so much labour that resulted in making it an architecturally beautiful and well fortified town and one built on sanitary lines, will in a short few weeks be a ruined city at the hands of the very nation that, at the bidding of Russia, reliquished the position nine years ago. Such is the fortune of War.

ELECTRIC MARVELS OF THE FUTURE. WE are only just beginning to see the possibilities of electricity. We have had experiments in the wireless distribution of electric current for motive and lighting purposes, and wireless telegraphy is a fact at which we have long ceased to marvel. But Mr. Marconi's "Ocean Daily" and business and social ethergrams are by no means the last word in that direction. If a scheme upon which Mr. Tesla is at work develop as the inventor believes it will, every one of us will find his daily supply of public and private news in his waistcoat pocket. here is no story in the whole literature of magic quite like that; not even the purse of Prince Fortunatus was quite so wonderful a possession as will be the pocket of the average man of the near future. He will put his hand into his vest, draw out a new sort of watch and at once be made acquainted with the news flashing round the world. By the same means he may communicate with friends in any part of the world, and we gather that the actual tones of the individual voice may be thus sent across the spaces of the world. How is this to be done? We find the explanation in an American paper. An enormous mushroom-shaped tower, we are told, has just been completed at Wardenclyffe, Long Island, New York and from this tower Nikola Tesla is now preparing to put into operation what seems to be truly described as the most daring and amazing scheme ever conceived in the development of wireless telegraphy. He has been working at it for over four years, and we are assured that we may expect within the next year or two a perfect system of world-wide wireless telegraphy through which widely separated friends will be able to converse instantaneously without the least danger of the conversations being overheard by a third person. Little instruments, we are told, will be carried in the vest pocket and will record market quotations, races, and important news features, in very much the same manner as the familiar "stock ticker" does at present. These vest pocket newsgatherers will enable the wearer to tell at a glance the condition of the stock market, etc., even though he be thirty miles out at sea or as far distant inland from the nearest newspaper "ticker," telephone or telegraph office. By means of another little watch-like instrument with a dial face, the wearer can transmit and receive wireless messages to and from friends many miles away, watches of both sender and receiver being keyed to a certain pitch to prevent their communications from going astray or falling into the watches of disinterested third persons. The radiating centre of this system will be Tesla's Tower, but telegraphy will be but one of the features of its electrical activity.

From the Canadian Niagara Power Company's electric power plants at Niagara Falls, there will be a ceaseless daily service of millions upon millions of volts of electricity to the tower at Wardenclyffe; thence to be forwarded by Tesla's wireless system to New York for the lighting of the city, the running of trams and street cars, operating elevators, automobiles, trucks, ferry boats, furnishing heat and even winding and regulating clocks. The full development of the scheme will consist in the erection at convenient places everywhere of towers similar to the one at Wardenclyffe for the distribution of wireless messages and power for lighting, heating and driving purposes. Only such towers as are erected within a given distance from Niagara falls will be supplied with electricity from the generating plants there; every other tower will have its own generating plant alongside and will distribute about ten thousand horse power of wireless electricity under a tension of one hundred million volts. As to the private wireless telegraphic apparatus which each of us will carry about with him, we are assured that the point of a parasol held aloft, a mast or short pole, as the case may be, will ensure the complete 'picking up' of the wireless message after the watch has ticked off the first signal in the pocket. A parasol or a stick has, of course, been an instrument for wireless telegraphy without the aid of any electricity but personal magnetism. But Nikola Tesla soars above any achievements of that nature. The secret of his scheme consists in a discovery regarding stationary waves of electricity which was revealed to him by noticing that his instruments were affected more strongly by lightning discharges taking place at great distances than by those near by. The man who is not a scientist is however, less concerned with knowing how the modern magician accounts for his marvels than with the results he achieves. To the layman it will appear that the main features of the landscape in the future ill be enormous mushroom shaped towers. In certain parts of the United Kingdom, there are vestiges of curious round towers which have somewhat puzzled antiquaries as to the uses for which they were designed. They could not have been used as centres of wireless telegraphy, but when, if ever, human beings are able to apply electricity without the aid of such structures, it may be that even Tesla's mushroom shaped buildings will puzzle the archæologists. It is at least curious that the inventor should be bringing us back to an age of towers, though instead of structures for protection and defence we now have buildings that aim to penetrate the mysteries of the universe and to diffuse knowledge and enlightenment. It is recorded, however, of one tower that aspired to reach the skies that the scheme miscarried and its builders were confounded. But Tesla's tower is built on a different basis.

THE INDORE STATE. THE annual administration report of the Indore State for 1903-1904, which covers a period from 1st March to the 29th February, furnishes evidence of an eminently satisfactory nature regarding the internal affairs of the State. It is satisfatory to learn that the young Maharaja, whose indifferent state of health had given cause for anxiety, and necessitated his spending the hot weather in Kashmir, is now fully restored to health. With the improvement in his physique, his Highness has been able to devote greater attention to his studies and is now making satisfactory progress. The functions of the Council which remain as before were carried out without a hitch. The Council met 80 times during the year, and the Judicial Committee, whose work had to be suspended during September and October on account of plague, held 24 sittings. Among

called, originally consisted of three Parganas in the Mehidpur district together with certain landed property and appanages in Indore city and elsewhere; and it was usually administered by the senior Maharani. His late Highness Maharaja Shivaji Rao Holkar transferred the administration to the State; but the separate organisation remained, the various Revenue, Public Works and accounts establishments being treated as independent of the corresponding departments of the State. In the interests of economy and efficiency, the administration has now been amalgamated with the general administration. Another feature of the year was the abolition of the Kapar Jamdarkhana and Kothi Departments. The original duty of the former was to purchase the cloth for the wardrobes of the chief and other members of the ruling family. The requirements of his Highness' wardrobe will be met in future from his personal budget. The Kothi Department provided some of the supplies for his Highness' kitchen, and was also drawn upon by the members of the ruling family and others. It has been similarly dealt with. Turning to the finances of the State, we find that the year closed with a total balance in the treasury of Rs. 2,51,20,000 of which Rs. 20,66,000 are in the current treasuries. This is exclusive of the Railway loan of one crore to the Government of India, the famine loans to neighbouring States and other outstanding assets. The Durbar's investments in Government securities are being raised to one crore. Two severe outbreaks of plague in Indore city caused great loss of life and in September not less than 4,300 people died in spite of a general exodus from the town. The disease also spread to the districts, where the resources of the plague officials were taxed to the utmost in combating it. Crime of all kinds, we regret to see, was very prevalent, but it is satisfactory to find that the police organisation was good. Cattle thefts account for the majority of dacoities and robberies as well as of the theft cases and are particularly rife in the northern districts of Rampura and Bhaupura, the perpetrators being chiefly Bhils from over the border. The difficulty of guarding the long line of frontier and of bringing the malefactors to justice encourages such raids from the Khandesh district, and neighbouring States, but preventive measures are under consideration. Turning to educational matters, in January 1904, the Council decided to place vernacular education throughout the State under the direct control of a special officer, and they are adopting measures largely to develop primary education, more particularly by the establishment of Hindi Schools throughout the districts where Hindi is the language of the people.

LORD ROBERTS, as Colonel of the 5th Gurkha Rifles, is presenting a trophy for annual competition in the regiment.

THE post which was recently raided by Waziris was held by a detachment of the Zhob Valley Levies. The attack seems to have been a complete surprise.

IT is expected that between eighty and ninety officers of the Indian Medical Service will attend the dinner at Simla on the 12th August in honour of Surgeon-General Sir Benjamin Franklin.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad Dholka Railway for the week ending 4th June amounted to Rs. 1,976. Total earnings from 1st January to 4th June were Rs. 43,530.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti Valley Railway for the week ending 4th June amounted to Rs. 13,784, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 569. Total earnings from 1st January to 4th June were Rs. 3,53,107; being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 1,51,907.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad Prantej Railway for the week ending 4th June amounted to Rs. 4,737, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 953. Total earnings from 1st January to 4th June were Rs. 89,257, amounting to an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 19,724.

WE have already had the facts about the Malkowal disaster in plain enough language from the Lieutenant-Governor, says the "Civil and Military Gazette." We now get the kernel of the matter even more explicitly from the Deputy Commissioner of Lahore in the pamphlet of "Advice to the People." "The truth is," says Mr. Halifax, "that in the great pressure of making fluid for inoculation in the Punjab and to meet the urgent demand for fluid, by mistake there was sent out for use one bottle that did not contain fluid as pure as it should have been. That bottle was used for the inoculation of 19 men, and those 19 men all died." Yet the report of the committee on the Malkowal affair is still an "official secret."

THE Finance and Commerce Department of the Government of India have addressed the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the subject of the maintenance of an adequate supply of silver coinage. The Chamber, in replying to the above, express satisfaction at the contents of the letter under reply which they understand to indicate that the Currency Department will now be able to meet any demands for rupees which may be made upon it. The Committee are glad to see that the Government have adopted the suggestion to hold a certain amount of uncoined bars of silver prepared for immediate coinage in the event of extra demands for rupees during the export season. They are also pleased to note from the published accounts of the Paper Currency Department that in practice the minimum silver reserve of twelve crores of rupees urged by the Chamber has been recently maintained, and they trust it will continue to be so. Under these circumstances the Committee have no further criticisms to offer.

THE Chaplain of Dehra writes in the "Allahabad Parish Magazine":—Some two or three months ago I was at the Dehra Treasury in the strong room with the Treasury Officer looking at new service stamps, when a paper parcel was found marked 'Dehra Church.' Upon a closer examination it was found to contain the old Church Plate, consisting of Chalice, Paten, Alms Dish and Flagon, all perfectly black from damp and want of care. There was no box, it was simply covered in newspaper. With the permission of the Treasury Officer, I took away the plate, carefully cleaned it and found engraved upon it 'Dehra Church.' There is no record in the Dhera Treasury, as to how, or when they became the guardians of this old plate: neither has the Archdeacon any knowledge of it and there is no record amongst the Church papers. Perhaps some Chaplain who has officiated at Dehra in past years may be able to throw some light upon it. The Diocese will be glad to know that the old plate is once again in its proper home at St. Thomas' Church, and after careful cleaning is as good as new. The Flagon is being used every Sunday.

ADMIRAL BESOBRAZOFF reports escaping the Japanese fleet with the Vladivostok Squadron by suddenly flashing his searchlights simultaneously, then extinguishing them, and escaping in the darkness and fog.

A DIVISION of Japanese, utilising by-paths, occupied on the 5th instant, the slopes of the Takushan mountain, whose summit is three miles distant from Port Arthur, and renders the marine camp untenable against attack.

AUSTRALIAN papers of the 11th instant, state that the license of Pilot Dennis has been cancelled. He has been ordered to pay the costs of the enquiry amounting to over £33. Dennis admitted receiving a blow over the heart when mounting on board the P. and O. steamer Australia.

SEÑOR BONO, a young doctor from Milan, fell down a precipice ninety feet deep whilst visiting the Bondasca Gorge on 24th of June. He was killed instantly. Two young Italians from Aosta, who set out three days before to climb Mont Rosa, have not been heard of since. It is feared that an accident has befallen them.

THE "Times" says:—"No phantom as to German aggression haunts us, but the consciousness we feel that it is our duty to watch the progress of German naval power, and to consider the possible purposes for which it might be used, will certainly not be lessened by what we have seen at Kiel or by any such assurances as we have heard there." The "Standard" remarks:—There are plenty of people in all the German States who respect and admire England, and who do not forget that we have done something for the allied branch of our race is more than one stirring epoch of European history. The King's visit will help to strengthen this sound sentiment. At the same time it is gratifying to the pride and self-esteem of the nation, which would have suffered if the civilities paid in so marked a manner to France had been altogether withheld from Germany. Without attaching undue importance to what was, after all, in the main, a ceremonious visit, we are [illegible] link in the

VARIOUS BOOKS.

GARMISCATH by J. Storer Clouston (Wm. Blackwood and Sons) deals with the distinctions of class, and the power of love as a leveller. Round this central idea are grouped a singular selection of individuals, the family of the Maitlands in their ancestral home in one of the Orkney Islands, sti

KUROKI'S SUCCESS.

MARCHING ON MUKDEN.

MALACCA'S SEIZURE.

VOLUNTEER CRUISERS AS PRIVATEERS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 22.

The "Moscow Ruskylistok," states that General Kuroki's Army has driven in the Russian left and is now marching on Mukden.

At the conclusion of the sitting of the House of Commons last midnight, Mr. Balfour said his Majesty's Government had no confirmation of the rumour that the steamer Malacca had been released by the Russians.

Nevertheless, some of the papers take it for granted that the release has been decided upon although, it is pointed out, that the gravest question is the status of the Volunteer Cruisers.

The "Daily Telegraph" understands that the Russian Government has been informed that the Volunteer Cruisers will be treated as pirates if they refuse to desist from interference with the British shipping.

LATER.

The British Mediterranean Squadron has arrived at Alexandria.

Reuter learns that the Government, though anticipating that the Malacca affair may be settled quietly, is resolved to insist unflinchingly on a solution of the more important question of the status of the Russian Volunteer cruisers. The inference drawn from the firmness of the British Note to Russia is that Great Britain will forcibly resist not only the seizure but examination of ships' papers by Volunteer cruisers.

It is believed in America that the Vladivostock squadron is searching for American ships laden with provisions, the seizure of which would raise an important question.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 22.

A special cablegram to the "Englishman" says that Lloyds says Russia has ordered the release of the Malacca.

ALLAHABAD, JULY 22.

A special cable from the "Pioneer's" correspondent, dated London 21st July, says that Russia's first reply being unsatisfactory, the Cabinet met immediately.

There is a strong belief in official quarters that the Malacca will not be allowed to enter a Russian Port.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE TRANSVAAL.

Representative Government.

THE DISABILITIES OF INDIANS.

LONDON, JULY 21.

During the debate in the House of Commons on the Colonial vote, Mr. Lyttleton said that next year the nominated members of the Transvaal Legislative Council would be replaced by elected members.

Mr. Chamberlain referring to the preference for Chinese to Indian labour in the Transvaal, said that when he proposed a large emigration of coolies, the Indian Government was unreasonable and ignored every interest except Indian. He sympathised with the apprehensions of the Transvaal whites regarding Indian immigration overwhelming them.

Mr. Lyttelton said with regard to the future Indian immigration the Transvaal might urge a certain policy which was short-sighted and inhuman, but to coerce the Colony was impossible. The case of the Indians in the Transvaal under the Boers was far different and the honor and dignity of the British name demanded that the decision of the 12th May be upheld.

He had put the matter clearly to the Transvaal and was confident of the result.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 22.

A special London cablegram to the "Statesman" says that Mr. Lyttleton, Colonial Secretary, has announced in the House of Commons that representative Government will be given to the Transvaal in 1905.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY]

THE SIEVIER CASE.

Perjury Charge Dismissed.

LONDON, JULY 21.

The case of perjury against Mr. Sievier has been dismissed.

MR. KRUGER'S FUNERAL.

Military Honours Offered

The Government has offered military honours for Mr. Kruger in South Africa, if the family desires it.

THE LIVERPOOL CUP.

LONDON, JULY 22.

The following is the result of the race for the Liverpool Cup :—

Batchelor's Button	1
Foundling	2
Whistling Crow	3

OBITUARY.

The death is announced of Wilson Barrett, the actor.

BANGALORE HORSE SHOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 22.

The Bangalore Horse Show was opened in charming weather to-day on the extensive grounds of the Mysore Residency. The entries have been more numerous and "classier" than last year. The following was the result of the judging :—

Heavy Weight Hunters :—

Major Logan Home's Harkaway	1
Mr. A. O. Boyd's Rupert	2

Light Weight Hunters :—

Mr. R. Anketell Jone's Grand Duke	1
Captain Adam's Gaylad	2

There were 14 other competitors.

Pony Hunters, over 11st 7lbs :—

Major Logan Home's Mary Jane	1
Captain O. Z. Francis' Sensation	2

Six others competed.

Pony Hunters, under 11st 7lbs. :—

Mr. Kindersley's Ella	1
Mr. J. Webster's Flight	2

15 others competed.

Cavalry and Artillery Chargers :—

Captain A. T. Coles' No name	1
Mr. F. C. Rasch's Nondescript	2

11 others competed.

Infantry Chargers :—

Colonel Stevens' Black Puffin	1
Captain Dredges' Sweetheart	2

GREAT MILL FIRE IN CALCUTTA.

DAMAGE ABOUT SEVEN LAKHS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 22.

A destructive fire broke out yesterday at the Ghoosery Cotton Mills of which Messrs. Andrew Yule and Co., are Secretaries.

The mills as usual had been in full working swing since morning when shortly after noon an alarm of fire was raised. The fire had broken out in the South-West end of the middle flat of a very large three-storeyed pucca building known as No. 2 mill. It contained no fewer than 18,300 spindles and some 3 0 native workmen were employed in the building which was in charge of Mr. Harrop, Spinning Master.

About ten minutes past twelve o'clock one of the spinning mules, through a counter shaft, it is said, getting overheated, suddenly was seen to be in flames which spread with almost lightning rapidity through the building. Fortunately the sudden outbreak was unattended with any injury to the workmen who, rushing out of the building, narrowly escaped being enveloped in flames.

The intensity of the fire may be gauged from the fact that huge tongues of flame were seen bursting through every window. No time was lost in bringing into requisition the fire appliances which were worked under the direction of the manager. Mr. Yule himself appeared on the scene and was largely instrumental in preventing the fire from spreading to Nos. 1 and 3 mills situated on either side of the burning building. The assistants of the Calcutta fire brigade was requisitioned. The fire was confined to the one building which at the end of three quarters of an hour or so from the moment of the outbreak was almost a total wreck.

The roofs of the top and middle flats collapsed with a tremendous crash thereby causing immense destruction to the machinery and fittings. It is needless to say that all the windows and wood-work were completely destroyed. It was about half-past three when the fire was brought under control.

The damage is estimated at from six to eight lakhs.

PROMOTION IN THE INDIAN ARMY.

NEW REGULATIONS.

SIMLA, JULY 22.

It is notified that the following regulations for promotion in the Indian Army up to the rank of Lieut.-Colonel are substituted for those hitherto in force:

1. Except as otherwise provided, promotion shall be regulated by the length of service from the date of the first permanent commission. Officers of two years and three months' service shall become Lieutenants. After nine years' service they shall become Captains. After 18 years' service Majors and after 26 years' service Lieutenant-Colonels.

2. No officer shall be promoted unless he is pronounced fit and is recommended for promotion. An officer whose promotion has been retarded under this rule will not be entitled to further promotion until he has served nine years in the rank of Captain and eight years in the rank of Major.

3. A second Lieutenant will not be promoted to the rank of Lieutenant until he has passed an examination in Urdu by the lower standard.

4. A Lieutenant of not less than six years service from the date of his first permanent commission may be promoted to the rank of Captain if he holds or is appointed to the command of a squadron or double company either permanently or "pro tempore" in place of a seconded officer. The number of promotions under this rule shall be limited to five in each year.

5. A Captain may be promoted to Major if he holds or is appointed to one of the following posts: (a) second in command of a regiment or battalion either permanent or "pro tempore" in place of a seconded officer; (b) Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General or Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General; (c) Supply and Transport Officer second or third class. The number of promotions under this rule shall be limited to five in each year.

6. A Major may be promoted to the rank of Lieut.-Colonel on appointment to one of the following posts: (a) command of a regiment or battalion; (b) an appointment which would carry the substantive rank of Colonel if the officer were qualified for that rank; (c) Supply and Transport Officer first class; (d) Controller, Military Accounts; subject as regards (c) to the officer only being promoted if specially selected for promotion.

7. An officer specially promoted under rules 4 and 5 will be eligible, subject to rule 2, for further promotion after not more than nine years service in the rank of Captain and eight years service in the rank of Major.

8. Tenure of Regimental Commands :—With effect from 1st July 1904, the tenure of Regimental Commands will, in future, be five years, extensible to seven years.

9. Extra regimental employment :—No Officer will be allowed to accept any extra regimental employment during the first three years of his service in the Indian Army. Exception to this rule may be made in the case of an officer who may elect for permanent civil employ or for service in a department of the Army provided he has passed all the professional tests required to admit of his remaining in the service.

10. Family pension regulations—Officers of the Indian Army will in future be classified for the purposes of these regulations according to length of service instead of according to rank as follows :—Class 2, officers of 26 years' service from the date of 1st commission. Class 3, officers of 18 years' service from the date of 1st commission. Class 4, officers of 9 years' service from the date of 1st commission. Class 5,officers of under 9 years' service from the date of 1st commission. No officer will be compelled to subscribe in classes 2, 3 or 4 who has not attained the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, Major or Captain as the case may be.

With reference to the above regulations, his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief is pleased to direct that in confidential reports on officers of the Indian Army who are within two years of their promotion, Officers Commanding, Inspecting-Generals and Lieutenant-General's Commanding must in future state distinctly whether the officer is fit in all respects and is recommended for promotion. The abovenamed authorities are held responsible for making themselves fully acquainted with the qualifications of the officers on whom they report.

THE HON. MR. GOKHALE IN MADRAS.

A RANADE MEMORIAL

MADRAS, JULY 22.

The Honourable Mr. G. K. Gokhale, additional member of the Supreme Legislative Council and Joint Secretary of the Indian Congress, arrived here this morning from Poona. A number of leading gentlemen of the native community including the members of the Madras Mahajana Sabha assembled at the Central Station to give him a hearty reception. Mr. Gokhale will lay the foundation stone of the Ranade Memorial Library at Mylapore on Sunday next.

THE STRIKE IN MADRAS GOVERNMENT PRESS.

CASES IN COURT.

In connection with the strike in the Government Press, the police to day put two cases before the Senior Presidency Magistrate, Black Town, at the instance of the Superintendent of the Press. In the first case, four strikers are alleged to have obstructed and intimidated two type-casters who have been entertained since the date of the strike. In the second case two strikers are prosecuted for similar offences, alleged to have been committed upon an employe in the casting department who has been entertained since the date of the strike.

In latter case it transpired in Court that the second accused was a wrong man unnecessarily dragged into Court.

All the four accused were discharged in the first case, the evidence being unsatisfactory. In the second case the second accused was discharged, but a charge was framed against the first accused [illegible] and 341 I. P. Code. He plead-

THE IMPORTATION OF TRADE CATALOGUES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA JULY 22.

It is notified that the Government of India have decided to admit in future free of duty all trade catalogues and circulars imported into British India by packet, book or parcel post.

SUPREME LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Friday the 12th August is appointed for the next meeting of the Viceroy's Legislative Council.

THE AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

To-day's crop telegrams show that the agricultural situation continues generally favourable throughout India, though more rain is beginning to be somewhat badly wanted in the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province and in the Shwebo and Pakokku districts of Burma.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. N. A. M. Leslie officiates as Meteorological reporter for Western India vice Mr. Kenyon on leave.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. F. E. Pargiter succeeds Sir Henry Prinsep upon the Calcutta High Court bench.

Captain Hitchins, 1st Brahmans, is appointed Commandant of Police, Port Blair, vice Captain Walton reverted to military employ.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. D. Murray I. M. S. reverts temporarily to military employ.

Captain J. G. Hulbert I. M. S. is posted temporarily to the United Provinces.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Colonel C. A. Anderson officiates as Deputy Adjutant General, Punjab, vice Brigadier-General Bayly on leave.

Captain H. G. W. Chandler officiates as Assistant Secretary, Military Secretariat, vice Captain Hudson resigned.

Colonel Adams, Colonel on the Staff, Nowshera has received the temporary rank of Brigadier-General vice Brigadier General Wood promoted.

Lieutenant-Colonel Marrett, Superintendent Army Clothing, Bengal, has eight months leave.

Assistant Surgeon E. Peacock is transferred to the pension establishment.

The following Lieutenant-Colonels in the Indian Army are gazetted to be Colonels :—Bradshaw 17th Infantry, Mansel, 7th Rajputs Renny, Controller of Accounts, Punjab, Martin 5th Gurkhas, Powell 1st. Gurkhas, Atkinson 17th Cavalry, White 58th Vaughan's Rifles, Yate 4th Cavalry, Hastings 92nd Punjabis, Massy 19th Lancers, Warliedge 99th Deccan Infantry, Baskan 82nd Sikhs, Welchman 95th Russell's Infantry, Westmorland, Assistant-Adjutant General Peshawar, Hawkins 1st Brahmans, Birdwood 110th Mahratta Infantry, Marshall, 37th Dogras, Swann 101st Grenadiers, Phayre, Assistant-Adjutant General, Lahore, Tulloch 126th Baluchistan Infantry, Mackenzie, Kennedy 61st Pioneers and Wickham, officiating Director General of transport.

Bengal Assistant Surgeons Clement, O'Connor, and Tunnicliffe receive a step in promotion each. Also Madras Assistant Surgeons Simon and Sherman.

Southern Circle Ordnance : Honble Captain Adutt is promoted to commissary, Honble Lieutenant Dawson Moray to be Captain, Conductor Blake to be Lieutenant, Sub-conductors Heaton and Kendall to be conductor and Store Sergeant Turner to be sub-conductor.

A step in promotion each is gazetted to the following non-commissioned officers in the Bengal Supply and Transport Corps :—Mahler, Sly, Duthie, Rankin, Ferguson, Minto and North.

Captain R. R. Read and senior Assistant Surgeons E. Mahoney and S. Falconer are permitted to retire.

The admission to the order of merit is notified of Havildar Aziz Khan, Samana Rifles for conspicuous gallantry near Shinawari Fort in Kohat last October, when a detachment escorting treasure from Hangu was ambuscaded and attacked by raiders. A native officer and a sepoy fell mortally wounded on the first two shots from the raiders, but Havildar Aziz Khan with great coolness and presence of mind took cover close by and drove off the raiders killing one of them and saving the arms of the wounded men.

Burma Railways Volunteers : Lieutenant Jones to be Captain and Second Lieutenant Heywood to be Lieutenant.

The Volunteer officers : Decoration is conferred upon Capt. Cooney, Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Engineer W. C. Constable is promoted to Engineer.

A TRICK ON HORSE DEALERS.

POONA, JULY 22.

A neat trick in horse stealing was played a few days ago by one Ahmed Khan who went to the Arab stables in Rastais Peth and stated that he was a groom in the employ of a European gentleman who was in need of a good horse. He asked that one should be saddled and bridled in order that he should try for himself the mettle which the animal was made of. Having obtained his mount, he rode off at a tremendous pace and was not seen of again.

The police recovered the horse a few days later in a village close to Sirur where Ahmed had sold it for Rs. 27. It was suffering much from hard riding and ill usage. Ahmed himself has not been traced. Deposition of witnesses were to-day recorded by the City Bench Magistrates and a warrant was issued for the arrest of Ahmed.

KIRKEE FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

The Royal Field Artillery football tournament of Kirkee was concluded to-day in fine weather. The final match was between 18th Battery versus 45th Battery and was won by the former by 2 goals to 1.

Major Butler before presenting the Cup spoke a few words. He said he must ask all to excuse Colonel Carter for his absence as he was unable to attend. Although his own Battery has lost, he would have been very much pleased to congratulate the winning team. He thanked all those who took part in the tournament. Mrs. Butler then presented the Cup to the captain of the winning team. Cheers were then called for and given. Thus the tournament which was being held for the last three weeks was brought to a successful conclusion.

THE SULTAN OF SEHR AND MAKALLA IN POONA.

His Highness the Sultan of Sehr and Makalla will pay an official visit to H. E. Lord Lamington to-morrow at the Government House, Ganeshkhind. Lord Lamington will return the visit on Monday next.

POONA SEASON ENGAGEMENTS.

Sir Archibald Hunter will give an official dinner to their Excellencies on the 26th instant and on 27th. Lady Lamington will hold a purdha party at Ganeshkhind.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

THE period of qualifying service for promotion to the rank of Captain in the Royal Engineers has been reduced from eleven to nine years as a tentative arrangements.

IT is notified that when a vacancy occurs for the appointment of Honorary Colonel of any regiment of the Indian Army, the Commandant of the unit concerned will submit to the Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief in India, through the usual official channel, the name of the Field-Marshal or General Officer of the Indian Army whom his regiment may desire to be so appointed.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

CASUALS vs. MILITARY.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

Frills and Flounces.

FASHIONS IN BRIDAL GOWNS.

PHYSICAL TRAINING FOR WOMEN.

LONDON, JULY 1.

SUMMER is always the season for a perfect riot of frills and flounces, and this year is no exception to the general rule. There are numbers of dainty skirts frilled and ruffled almost to the waist, and others have the flat tablier in front and wide gathered panels at the side. Double and triple skirts are popular with those who are tired of gathered ones; and most exclusive models are made with tucks the whole length of the skirt, graduating from a quarter of a yard to an inch in depth. The skirts are all very full, measuring anywhere from six to eight yards round the bottom. Blouses and sleeves are alike tucked; the tucks are simple and effective, but it requires an artist's hand to bring about the desired result. Everywhere there are ruchings and frills made of silk, chiffon, velvet, ribbon, or net arranged on gowns from hem to hips and from neck to bust. These ruchings require a great deal of material, and are a troublesome trimming to make, but repay the expense and labour in pretty effects. Voiles in thin varieties make some of the daintiest summer costumes; their graceful possibilities and their moderate price make gowns of this material charming additions to the wardrobe.

A decided novelty is the combination of faced cloth with voile applied as a trimming in bands and straps, dotted with small buttons. The usual lining for a gown of this fabric is silk of the same colour, but some very smart models have a contrasting shade under them. Most successful is mauve voile, lined with white, and a clear pink over pale yellow. Pompadour silk is another favourite material. A Pompadour dress recently seen had roses scattered over a grey ground. The dress was entirely framed with a lettuce green ruche. The corsage, cut out at the neck over fine lace, was draped with a band of the same ruching, fastened with a flat bow in the back. A fall of lace down the front of the bodice was held in place by several black velvet bows, having small buckles in the centre. The elbow sleeves were made entirely of rows of lace looped up with black velvet bows.

There are any number of pretty new summer materials that wash wonderfully well, among them being crepe Marquise, which has a background of monotones with embroidered dots, and crepe Amazone, very like the Marquise, with stripes instead of dots. Beautiful and durable are the crepes, Princesse and Pompadour, combining the softness of the crinkly fabrics with the lustre of silk. For the decoration of these dainty gowns there is a tape lace and a straw passementerie which the manufacturers have made pliable and silky, and quite adaptable for trimming the summer dress. Another charming revival of fashion is the sash, and all the summer gowns of importance will boast a pretty sash or girdle of silk or ribbon. A number of French modistes are introducing draped Liberty sashes on their new gowns, and arranging them with a deep point in front, and knotted two or three times at the back. These sashes suggest possibilities for the use of buckles, which at the present moment are larger and richer than ever before.

Ribbons as trimmings are becoming more and more popular, and the flowered gauze, set with fagot stitching, are a beautiful addition to a dainty frock; while the Louis or Pompadour bows are to be seen on almost everything in the sartorial line, several tones in the same shade often being applied in a lattice effect on blouse or skirt. For evening frocks nothing is prettier than gold or silver gauze ribbon, on which are embroidered flower designs in delicate tones. It is essentially a button season. Among the novelties are the suede buttons overlaid with metal, the colour of the suede harmonising with the material known as velours lavable, which can be obtained in wonderful colours as well as in white. Another addition to the smart woman's wardrobe is the "grannie" shawl of embroidered crepe de Chine, worn with the ends pointed. This straight, old-fashioned scarf of lace or muslin is also worn.

Quite regardless of any bad times which our unanimable English climate may possibly have in store for us, linen and muslin gowns will be more worn at Heneley than any other kind of frocks, and it is quite easy to understand the present infatuation for these materials, since they are far dautier in colouring this season, and more artistic in design than they have ever been before. Of the linen gowns those are many varieties, some of them being made in pale colours and in perfectly plain linens, while others are lightly flecked with white, and closely resemble tweeds and voiles in appearance.

Crocus blue is one of the light pretty colours that are popular—a shade that is more violet than actual blue. A voile gown of this colour is beautiful made with a full, gathered skirt having a stole of Venetian embroidery inserted on taffeta down the front gore. This loosely hanging medieval piece is a new trimming development. On the blouse bodice are bands running down the fronts of the same embroidery flanked by strips of the blue taffeta ornamented with enamel buttons. The crocus blue toque worn with the gown is covered with faded red roses. These faded roses are a new millinery idea, and are extraordinary realisations of nature in her last brilliant moments. They have the appearance of a rose seen through a shower of rain, with the outlines of the leaves white and moist.

This season's styles and fabrics are of a nature to lend themselves delightfully to the making up of wedding effects, and although tradition will always have something to say in the matter, infinite novelty and variety distinguish many of the smart wedding gowns this year. Bridesmaids' frocks, too, are things of special grace and beauty. Bride gowns like all other portions of the wardrobe, show the prevailing fancy for soft, pliable fabrics, That standard favourite of former times—stiff, white satin—is now a thing of the past. The all-important gown is still of satin, but quite different from the old-time fabric. There is the delightful Liberty weave lustrous, flexible and very light of weight.

But even the light Liberty has been pronounced too heavy by many of the best designers. To meet this prejudice, satins softer and lighter still have been produced. There is a new weave known as Charmeuse, which suggests the airiness of gauze, although preserving the opaque sheen of satin proper. Messaline satin is another new arrival which is meeting with considerable success. It is less rich-looking than the Liberty, but this loss is satisfactorily made up by an increase in suppleness and fineness. There are a number of varieties in satin finishes in addition to the many Louisiones, also popular for wedding gown materials. Another wide range of choice lies among the crepes. Almost everything in this class is used, and fashionably used, this year. Beginning with the ordinary crepe de Chine, we end the lengthy scale with satin finished chiffon crepe, which makes a beautiful bridal costume. Bolienne and silk voiles of many kinds are frequently made up for wedding day purposes. They certainly have one great advantage over many of the more costly materials—that of durability and service. With the new weaves of satin there has come about a great change in bridal fashions. Stiffness and austerity are no longer suggested to the mind by the mere name of the shimmering materials. Bridal gowns are gauged, tucked, flounced, puffed, and trimmed with the most intricate forms of handwork, and are made up with the softest of lace, the filmiest of chiffons. It is not, of course, the deadly white tint in satin that the bride of this season wears. She chooses cream, ivory or one of the several shadings of white—according to her type and colouring.

The light trimmings give a frou-frou effect, which is becoming to all reasonably slender women. Instead of the stiff neckband rising to the level of the ears, a transparent collar, cool-looking and infinitely more comfortable, is preferred. There are several other approved finishes for the neck. The Dutch collar with its slight decolletage is not barred from the wedding bodice. The "surplice" style is also liked by a few who can stand its somewhat trying shape. The collarless blouse, too, has its followers. Naturally, the richness and elaboration marking all classes of dress this year find an echo in the fashionable wedding frock. But, although unlimitted intricacy of detail is permissible, greatest care must be taken to preserve the appropriate and customary simplicity of effect. Many of the best dressmakers, fearful of inappropriate elaboration, do not advice any very complicated handwork for toilettes destined for this purpose. They advise the choice of a really beautiful material, the greatest pains and skill in obtaining the proper line, with a little trimming of unimpeachable quality. The outlines and general effect of the frock rather than its details form the important consideration.

It is interesting, now that we are hearing so much about physical training, to see what is actually being done in the various training colleges for women, towards the future teaching of gymnastics in this country. The display given on Tuesday at the Chelsea Polytechnic by the Physical Training College for Women, was doubly interesting as showing not only what the students could do themselves in the way of free exercises, Indian club swinging, [illegible] and so on, but also what they

them had taught the free exercises done by the kindergarten class, a charming set of little boy-girls, in knickerbockers and blouses, wearing pink ribbons in their hair as the only insignia of their sex, and also the model course suggested for the elementary schools, which was demonstrated by a squad of school teachers. Most promising of all, though, was the ease and grace with which the work was done throughout the evening; for if we once get rid of the idea that gymnastics means cultivating muscles in lumps and lifting heavy weights, there is much hope for the future of physical culture. And it is clear that Fraulein Wilke's students have long since got rid of that idea.

However the housewife may pride herself upon the duiness and genuineness of her rugs and the brilliant polish and exquisite graining of her woodwork, there comes at times a longing for different floorings. The rugs look heavy and are banished. To take their place are a bewildering array of mattings. For covering entire floors matting made from crex or grass fibre and the Japanese matting made from rice straw are leaders in popularity; while in rugs of vegetable fibre Algerian weaves take precedence. Crex or grass matting is woven from a rush fibre, with warp of strong cotton. The crex woof is always one tint—a soft, greenish white—but the warp shows green, red, and blue, to suit various tastes. The combination of the dull blue with the greenish tint of the crex is particularly odd, yet restful in a warmly tinted room. The crex matting comes in three widths, from the ordinary thirty-six-inch strip to nine feet. It is also woven in small rugs, with the warp knotted into a fringe on either end.

The Japanese mattings are as soft as silk, and crumple in the hands like crepe. Fascinating designs show undefined squares, each having as its centre a floral piece in exquisite colourings—roses, orchids, chrysanthemums, and cherry blossom, in natural tints and double or treble their natural size. These mattings are used not only for flooring, but are continued up the wall asa waiscoting. The Algerian rugs, woven from cocoa fibre, lead far and ahead in the race of rugs for summer popularity. They are light weight, pliable, cleanly and distinctly Oriental in their colours. The outer border is invariably green, and within the design shows four sunset effects in true Algerian yellows, reds, and blues. For use with both the Japanese and the Algerian floorings there are hangings in corresponding colours and designs. Those for the Japanese effects are of beads, bamboo sticks, and shells, working out a huge flower design, or a smiling Geisha girl. The Algerian hangings are loosely woven silk or cotton, repeating the sunset design and colourings. The Algerian rugs are particularly effective for summer house or cottage use with rush furniture and afternoon tea paraphernalia. Japanese cotton rugs, which, when new, have something of the Wilton finish, are excellent for the summer. They can be purchased in any shade to tone with the furnishings. White of a distinct oyster tint is combined with sage green, dull blue Pompeiian red, and lilac.

"Extraordinary value!" "Much reduced!" "A great bargain!"—these were the magic formulas to conjure with Tuesday, the opening day of the sales that the first week in July always sees inaugurated. Nor did the cunning vendors weave their spells in vain? What with buyers within, and shop-gazers without, the West-end was throughout the day fairly invaded by what can only be described as a very army of women on bargains intent. Oxford-street and Regents-street in particular with their most tempting display of "frocks and frills," were like a fair all day. Though the crowd of eager purchasers thinned off towards afternoon, the tired and haggard faces of the shop assistants told only too plainly the tale of the busy morning hours, when the counters were thronged by eager customers. However, their wares could have, by no means, been exhausted, for the windows still exhibited an admirable show of novelties, wherein the latest models in summer gowns, going "for a mere song," competed in a dazzling rivalry of cheapness and beauty for notice.

Specially striking is the show this year of ostrich feathers and marabout stoles, "marked down" at temptingly low prices, though every one knows that they are only discarded for the time being to be donned again later on. A few belated fur coatees have been also thrown in here and there, while charming cloaks and wraps tempt the owners of delicate toilettes, as a protection to the latter, both cheap—relatively speaking—and charming. Lace, too, reigns supreme; veils the toque and picture hat alike; spreads as a tempting curtain for the face, for whose elects to wear it, or falls in graceful flounces or dainty ruffles for wrist and hem, whilst the lace gowns—a few of which are to be "picked up" among more substantial bargains—are miracles of loveliness. As for hats, their name is legion, and likewise is the display of the latest models, to say nothing of the flower show. Roses that rival the Roman feasters's, of abnormal size and brilliancy; velvety fruit—the cherries are specially tempting—that suggest a portable orchard as headgear and foliage, green and branching to any amount, make a horticultural display second only to that of the Botani itself,

A UNIVERSITY QUESTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Senate of our University fixes the course of studies for the various examinations five years before time. In conformity with this principle, it had prescribed the unprinted text of the "Selections from Zad Sparam" for the M. A. examination of the current year as the Avesta and Pahlavi authorities in the Senate took upon themselves the responsibility of publishing the text before the required time. Now it is very curious to observe that the text is not even half printed, even after the lapse of full five years, the inevitable consequence of which is this, that none can appear at the M. A. examination with Avesta and Pahlavi this year. It lies now with the University authorities to make inquiries why that text is still unpublished. I am told that the very fact that no candidate can possibly appear at the examination this year, solely on account of the above text being unavailable, is turned into a lame excuse, for the unwarranted delay in publishing the text, that the text is not required this year as no one is going to appear this year. Let me venture to state that the contrary is the true case. For in the beginning of this year, some three graduates intended to appear at the M.A. examination for which they even attended their college as well as Madressa classes up till February, expecting that the text would surely be in their hands before the end of April at least. But when in February last they were positively informed that they will not get the text even at the end of the year, they had perforce to leave off their studies. Now to complete the irony, the candidates are seriously advised (for whose interest and benefit God knows) not to use printed texts any time, but to copy other texts themselves from manuscripts—how some would naturally ask—for the simple reason that doing the work of a common scribe improves hand-writing. What sound advice this is! But apart from the above misleading statement of theirs, the important point is that whether there are any candidates or not, the promise of publishing the text before the required time is to be fulfilled by those in the Senate who had taken upon themselves the responsibility of doing so.

Better it is to abandon the course altogether than to prescribe a book which is not only unpublished, but which is scarcely available even in manuscripts.

Will the Registrar kindly inquire in the matter and inform us with the result.

Bombay July 21st. INQUIRY.

CHOWPATI FISH BAZAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I would like with your permission to call the attention of either the Police or the Municipality to the sufferings of the Girgaum people who have been deprived since Tuesday last of their fish and vegetable supply by driving away a handful of poor fisherwomen and vegetable vendors who used to sit on the Chowpati Sea-face. You know there is no nearer market convenient to the inhabitants of Girgaum, Gaumdevi, and Grant Road, who used to get their daily supplies from the above places. Now they are driven, say to Chira Bazar or Null Bazar for their daily fish marketing which requires at least an hour, and after doing this they are quite unable to start for their offices. The Girgaum locality is mostly settled by Christians, Purbhoos, Panchkalsis, Parsis, Mahrathas, &c., (mill hands). Not only had they found the small Chowpati Fish Bazar convenient, but the butlers of European gentlemen living at Malabar Hill also found it convenient to buy fresh fish there.

I remember that some days ago there was a cry from the Hindu residents in the bungalows opposite the Sea-face to the effect that a bad smell comes from that side in the evening. This was remedied by the poor fisherwomen removing their baskets to a little distance. The Police or the Municipality whoever is responsible for the above act should have done this after making provision somewhere near the above places which would suit the convenience of the residents there.—Yours &c.,

G. W. DESSAI.

Bombay, 22nd July.

THE "Daily Express" correspondent at Chefoo reports the Japanese possess several positions which effectually dominate Port Arthur and that everything is now ready for the final assault by 20,000 selected veterans. The Japanese are now using two cruisers bought from Chili. It is reported that the Russian Admiral will probably make a sortie and try

THE COMING PRESIDENCY MATCH.

THE SELECTION OF PLAYERS.

INTEREST in the annual match played in Bombay between the European cricketers of the Presidency and the Parsees should be greater than ever this year, as after the lapse of two years there seems to be a possibility of the Presidency being able to take the field with a team which, barring accidents, should give the Parsees a good game. With only a month left before the two teams meet, speculation is rife among Presidency supporters as to what the composition of the Presidency team will be. Four well-known cricketers, who have borne their share in the past of several memorable victories, are unfortunately doubtful starters, although still stationed in the Bombay Command. We refer to Captains M. D. Wood and L. G. R. Deas who are at Quetta, Mr. F. L. Sprott who is at Karachi and Major H. E. Lowis who is with his regiment at Baroda. In the case of the two first named, it is regarded as extremely unlikely that they will be able to make the long journey up to Bombay, while the same remark to a great extent also applies to Mr. Sprott. Major Lowis, we hear, is not playing cricket this year, so there seems very little likelihood that any of this famous quartette will be seen assisting the Presidency. Had all four players been able to don flannels, Presidency prospects would assume a roseate hue, but even without them there is every reason to hope that the Presidency will be able to place a strong team in the field, that is, provide the selection of the team is not confined to Bombay and Poona, as has been so often the case in a great measure of late years.

The fact that that famous cricketer and hero of a dozen Presidency matches Captain J. G. Greig will be available again at once raises high hopes among Presidency supporters, that the two reverses of last year will be avenged. With Greig in the team, everything is possible and he has on more than one occasion placed his side in a winning position at an early stage of the game by a brilliant effort. He is, it is pleasant to reflect, batting as well as ever this year, and although the bowling he has had to play can scarcely be characterised as anything more than mediocre, still the fact that he has scored 290 runs in four innings and only lost his wicket twice is some criterion of the form he is in. Another Poona player, whose form is being watched with interest in view of his probable selection, is Captain H. K. Umfreville. He has only played in three matches up to date, but in those he has scored 64 runs and has taken 12 wickets for 61 runs. As an all-round player he made a considerable reputation in Darjeeling cricket a couple of seasons ago, and we hear that his form has very favourably impressed Poona judges. Poona this year has no dearth of good batsmen, and among others mention should be made of the fine form that Lieutenant B. M. Carroll and Mr. A. D. Wilkins have been showing. The first named, who made a successful debut last year, has greatly improved as a batsman and has put up several good scores including a century. The last named, who made his "debut" in Bombay Presidency cricket as far back as 1882 and has frequently played for the Presidency, is having a very successful season and has twice topped the century. When in form the old Bedfordshire county cricketer is a very attractive batsman to watch and few players in the Presidency suffer less from "nerves". Poona, however, are not by any means the only Presidency players in Poona this year and of the others we would single out the following for special mention :—Lieutenants. S. Langton, H. B. Hartley, J. Kennedy (all of the A. and S. Highlanders) A. S. Noake, S. Usher, A. N. Thew, and A. H. C. Kearsey, Mr. G. Thornton, and Colonel Stevens, Lieutenants Langton and Hartley have performed very promisingly with bat and ball in the few matches they have played, the former having made 85 runs in three innings (once not out) and taken 14 wickets for about ten runs apiece, and the latter having scored 128 runs in four innings and taken six wickets also for about ten runs apiece. If we were asked to select the three best bowlers in Poona this year, we should without hesitation name Greig, Umfreville, and Langton. Lieutenant J. Kennedy has had very few opportunities of showing his form in Poona this season, but judged on his Calcutta form of a few seasons ago, he is an excellent bat. Lieutenant S. Noake is a fair batsman and useful change bowler. Lieutenant S. Usher, who has gone to Karachi, scored 125 runs in four innings (once not out) reaching double figures every time and is a sound bat. Lieutenant Thew has played several very good innings and has an average of 42 for seven innings (four times not out). Lieutenant Kearsey is the Poona wicket-keeper and is said to be good, but we doubt if he can be compared with Mr. Walcott, the Bombay stumper. He is not a reliable bat and as a wicket-keeper is probably no better than Lieutenant Philbrick who is a better bat. Mr. G. Thornton is a good bat and in three innings has made 100 runs (once not out). Colonel Stevens who has taken 13 wickets for about 12 runs apiece is a good bowler and fair bat, a very useful player in both departments. Turning to Bombay there are some half dozen players whose claims will have to be considered by the Selection Committee. Of these Mr. A. H. S. Aston has the strongest claims and as a bat he has shown plenty of resource in all the matches that he has played, up to date. He has learnt to make runs on the Bombay wickets and make them well too. Messrs. Ainsworth and Coombs have been bowling very well, and as it does not seem likely that any one else will be unearthed capable of supplanting them, they are almost certain to be selected. The claims of Major C. G. Carnegy, Lieutenant E. H. Philbrick and Mr. A. L. Smith will also have to be considered.

Turning to district cricketers, we hear good accounts of Mr J. Monteath who in four innings at Dharwar has scored 79 and 5, 20, and 153. Mr. H. Pogson, an old Presidency player, has been showing good form at Dhulia and in one innings made a century. Mr. J. E. C. Jukes has been making runs at Ahmedabad and in one innings scored 81. Glowing reports reach us from Mhow of the form of Major Hon. T. W. Brand (with bat and ball), Captain Hon. G. W. S. Cadogan, Captain H. K. Colston (with bat and ball) and Lieutenant H. P. Chaplin. Major Brand who was in the Eton XI some years ago, besides being a stylish bat, is a very useful bowler and should be borne in mind when the selection of the Presidency team is being made. Captain Cadogan is a most attractive bat and was also in the Eton XI. Lieutenant Chaplin is a brilliant bat, safe field, and good change bowler and should, if form goes for anything, be one of the first selected. Captain Colston we hear is a very useful all-round cricketer. Nusserabad has two good

THE AFFAIRS OF A HYDERABAD BEGUM.

A HEAVY CLAIM.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Tyebjee delivered judgment at the High Court yesterday in a suit brought by Raja Bahadur Chaturbhujdas Gordhandas, of Hyderabad, against Mr. Munchershah Bomonjee Chothia and others. Ramdas, the surviving members of a partnership carried on in the name of Munchershah Bomonjee Chothia and Co., in which the plaintiff stated that the defendants may be ordered to pay or caused to be paid to him the sum of Rs. 1,02,477-9-3 together with interest from the 11th November 1901 till payment; that they be ordered to release the plaintiff from the security given by him in the Nizam's Court at Hyderabad, and that in default they be ordered to pay to plaintiff such sums as the Court may deem to be due by way of damages or indemnity; that it may be declared that the sale proceeds of certain shares in the hands of the receivers or the defendants are chargeable with the payment to the plaintiff of the amount due to him by Vazirunissa Begum of Hyderabad, etc. The Hon. Mr. Scott, Mr. Lowndes, and Mr. Lang instructed by Messrs. Tyebjee Dayabhai and Co., appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Kirkpatrick and Mr. Dawar, instructed by Messrs. Wadia Ghandy and Co., appeared for the defendants.

Mr. Justice Tyebjee, in delivering judgment, said: Vaziralikhan died in Hyderabad leaving a daughter Vazirunissa, otherwise called Vazira Begum, and among other property 238 shares in the East India Railway Company. There were other heirs to the estate, and when the Begum applied for letters of administration to the Hyderabad Court, security was demanded by the Court to the extent of the debts due to the creditors of the estate. Later on the amount of the security was enhanced. In virtue of an agreement made between the Begum and the plaintiff, the latter gave the required security, and letters of administration were granted to the Begum in 1893. She was indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of Rs. 35,000 for which she had executed bonds, duly registered. The 238 shares to which she became entitled as the administratrix of her father's estate, she charged as security in payment of the account due by her, and to indemnify the plaintiff against the security he had given before. By an agreement dated 27th May 1893 the Begum agreed to sell the whole lot of the 238 shares to the defendants for their Sicca Rupees 1,94,250. In this agreement, the defendants agreed to give such further security as the Court required. On the 23rd June 1895 the defendants made an agreement with the plaintiff by which they agreed to pay to the plaintiff the debt which was due by the Begum under the registered bonds, together with interest. The debt was stated to be about Rs. 40,000. By the same agreement defendants also agreed to redeem the security which the plaintiff had already given at that time, and stated to be Rs. 80,000. In consideration of the plaintiffs' handing to the defendants the shares as security they agreed to pay to the plaintiff Rs. 21,000 by exhibit H dated 23rd June 1895. After the execution of this agreement the plaintiff delivered the shares to the defendants, but it appeared that the heirs of the deceased Vazirali khan applied to the Hyderabad Court on the ground of the inadequacy of the security, to restrain by injunction the Begum from dealing with the shares. Ultimately, the Court required a security amounting to the total value of the shares, Hali Rupees 1,94,250, and in pursuance of this order the plaintiff was called upon to give security bonds on 6th April 1897. But before the plaintiff gave the security for the debt certain interviews and conversations took place between the plaintiff and the defendant. After going into the evidence, the Judge held that the Begum not residing within the jurisdiction of the Court, could not be made a party to the suit, nor was she a necessary party to it. The matter was referred to the Commissioner for taking accounts of the monetary transactions between the parties. There the Begum could appear or be represented as if she had been made a party to the suit, and thus safeguard her interests. Defendants were bound to indemnify the plaintiff in respect of all engagements and security they had undertaken to discharge, including the enhanced security of Rs. 1,94,250, which the Court held they were bound to discharge. Decree was given for the plaintiff, with interest and costs.

TRAINING OF INDIAN TROOPS.

As the war training of troops in India is now claiming so much attention, it would seem to be advisable that a definite policy should be laid down to ensure continuity in their instruction collectively. The regimental work is already done well, as a rule, but it is in the matter of brigade and divisional movements, the manœuvring of the three arms together, that changes are needed. Our camps of exercise leave much to be desired, though a few General Officers of a practical turn of mind get some good out of them. What is really needed in each of the four Commands is a programme extending over two or three years, due provision being made well in advance for the expense that must be incurred, for the financial side of the question is a highly important one. There should be a fixed annual allotment in the Military Budget, at the entire disposal of the Commander-in-Chief, for war-training in its advanced stages, and the distribution of these should be made by his Excellency. There must be no cutting down of the grant once made, and no variation in the amount from year to year, such as a lakh one year and half that sum the next. With the assurance of the money being available each Lieutenant-General Commanding should be directed to draw up his programme, say, for two years, and these should be submitted for approval at Army Headquarters. The first year should be devoted to training by can be got together and good ground is available for practical exercises; Staff duties should be made one of the features of this work and Staff rides should be frequently practised. The troops should always be kept within easy reach of cantonments, and camps of exercise of the stereotyped pattern should not be formed. In the second year grand manœuvres should be worked up to, Divisons being formed complete and operations on a large scale being undertaken. There should be none of the hurry and scramble which now mark the concentration of troops for field exercises: everything should be mapped out a year before hand and the general idea be made widely known. Officers should be encouraged to study the ground over which these grand manœuvre would take place, and here again Staff rides would serve a most useful purpose. The mimic campaign should be thought out, so that when the opposing Divisions began to move the manœuvring on either side would not be guided by hastily formed conclusions, often based on wrong information. In all the four Commands stretches of country can be found where large bodies of troops can be manœuvred. It is a question of expence only, and this is why we insist upon a fixed annual grant, ear-marked for war-training in its higher branches. Spasmodic efforts to teach the art of war are practically useless; it is the systematising of the training of the Staff and the units of the forces which alone can give permanent results. There is another point which should not be overlooked. As regards the Native Army the greatest care should be taken not to subject regiments, especially cavalry, to too much wear-and-tear. No unit should attend a camp-of-exercise, as now run, two years in succession. Under the scheme outlined above a longer rest would probably be given to regiments. The native soldier on service will work to the last ounce of his strength, whether he is mounted or on foot, but he suffers so severely in his pocket at manœuvres particularly if he is in a cavalry regiment—that he has an inherent dislike to camps-of-exercise. If due precautions were taken as to the selection of units there would be far fewer men leaving the colours and the recruiting difficulty would become less, serious."—*Pioneer.*

SUN FIRE INSURANCE OFFICE.

The report of the directors of this Company for the year ending 31st December, 1903 states that the premiums received, less re-insurances, amounted to £1,22,330-7-10, being an increase of £14,094-7-10 as compared with those of the preceding year. The losses paid and outstanding amount to £72,021-14-2 being at the rate of 59·37 per cent. on the premiums received. The expenses of management, including commission to agents and working charges of all kinds amounted to £423,205-8-3, being at the rate of 34·91 per cent. The income from investments during the year amounted to £15,983-7-1. After providing for the usual reserve of 40 per cent. of the premiums to cover liabilities under current policies a balance of £257,312-13-3 remains, which has been transferred to the credit of the profit and loss account. The balance brought forward from last year amounted to £267 035-5-3. There has been—carried to pension fund £4,000 paid for dividends in respect of the business of the year 1902 £108,000. Total £112,000-0-0 leaving a credit balance of £5 053-5-3 which by the operations of the year, as detailed in an account, has been increased to £349,859-9-4. Out of this amount an interim dividend at the rate of four shillings and sixpence per share, absorbing £54,000-0-0 was paid in January last, and the directors have declared a further dividend of five shillings per share payable on the 8th July, which will absorb a further sum of £60,000-0-0 and leave £235,859-9-4 to be carried forward.

The funds of the office will then stand as follows:—capital paid-up £ 120,000; general reserve £ 1,250,000; special reserve £ 120,000; dividend reserve £ 120,000; reserve for risks not yet expired £ 489,000-11-2; investment reserve £ 42,245-7-10; pension fund £ 44,031-10-2; balance at credit of profit and loss account, after payment of dividends, £ 235,859-9-4; total £ 2 421,805-4-0.

The losses of the office in the Baltimore fire have been practically all settled, and will not exceed £100,000 net;—an addition to the losses of the current year not calling for special provision in view of the statement above.

In accordance with the regulations of the office Viscount Emlyn and The Hon. Algernon H. Mills retire by rotation, and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Messrs. Spain Brothers and Co. retire but offer themselves for re-election.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fleet, Northern, Fort Goudown and Esplanade	1	0	1
B Mandvi, Umarkhadi and Dongri	2	0	22
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Grant Road and Kamathipura	0	0	13
E Mandvi, Byculla, Chinchpokli and Cumballa Hill	0	0	4
F Mazagaon, Parel, Sewri, Tardeo, Byculla, and its Neighbourhood	4	2	19
G Worli, Sewri and Mahim	1	1	6
H Bandra, Khar and Santacruz	1	0	13
K Andheri and Dahanukar	0	0	8
Total	11	3	76
Total number of cases to date	276,310	230,576	
Total number of deaths to date		5	10

ARTFUL DODGERS OF DEATH.

THE MERCURIES OF THE PRESS.

A London stipendiary magistrate, and therefore, presumably, a man not an easy prey to emotion, stood on the kerbstone of Ludgate-hill and watched with a fascinated wonder those cyclists who carry newspapers flash past him through the kaleidoscopic traffic.

He marvelled at the fleetness of those messengers of history, and was astonished at their coolness and their daring though he trembled for their safety, and later he said in open court that he could not understand how death did not daily overtake them.

And of a surety, to the man who has felt his heart leap into his mouth as one of these riders wriggled with the agility of forked lightning out of cruel destruction the comments of this magistrate are quite understandable.

But to the messenger, swifter than wing heeled Mercury, the explanation is quite plain and commonplace. He evades death because he travels so fast that death cannot overtake him.

Therefore the whole business, which to the spectator is so thrilling, has to him become a nuisance and a bore.

Even the greatness of his mission does not appeal to him—that he carries the decrees of the gods leaves him quite unmoved.

From over land and over sea there come minute by minute to the offices of newspapers messages from every quarter of the globe in which men do dwell. It may be the odds against a racehorse, the ending of a prize-fight, the making of a war, or the killing of a King.

The message comes suddenly, borne in the arms of electricity, and the flying pencil of the sub-editor moulds it swiftly into conventional shape.

MESSENGERS OF HISTORY.

The linotype clicks and rattles and the iron jaws of the casting-box register the decrees of the fates in molten metal. A minute later roaring machines are stamping the message upon whirling rolls of paper.

These temples where are hourly made the records of the world are for the most part to be found in strange little streets off the beaten track. Men who do not serve in them do not often pass them, and when they do they mentally record the facts as an event of some little note.

But the messengers of the go is wait for the shaping of history carions and unmoved. It is enough for them that the papers leap warm and wet from the press, that they can grab their allotted number and thrust them into the canvas bags that hang between their shoulders. It is then their work begins.

They rush for their bicycles—rusty, worn, and battered bicycles, that as they stand propped upon their pedals in the gutter give no indication of the cyclonic forces their riders can enslow them with.

It is a breathless thing to watch one of them swing at top speed into the wheeled vortex of Ludgate-circus, swerve giddily round a hansom, dodge furtively under the nose of a dray-horse, brush the coat of a pedestrian, and, wrenching his machine from the path of a motor-car, dart between two omnibuses into what seem the arms of inevitable death.

DEATH OUTRIDDEN.

Death, indeed appears to lurk behind some vehicle at every yard of their adventurous way. But it is the last thing to which they pay any heed.

Death, if not precisely a playfellow, is at least a companion whom familiarity has robbed of any terrors.

Indeed, these whirlwind riders boast that once upon their machines death can never catch them. And it is certainly a strange thing that though many of them have been sent spinning from their machines, and have been mangled by omnibuses and by vans, it is on record that not one of them has ever been killed.

Mutilation is what they dread, if they dread anything at all; and even mutilation is rather a tame sort of fear when for years one has daily hurtled down a path strewn with the possibilities of shattered heads and broken limbs.

Think of speeding like a shuttle through the loom between the gutter and the cart-wheels along the Gray's Inn-road, and then, having cleared King's Cross, racing against time and straining rivals up the heart-breaking hill to Highgate.

Or think of the wriggles and dashes and sudden checks that make up the ride from Fleet-street down to Hammersmith, and multiply that by four per diem for every day of the year.

Think, too, what an accident or break-down means, for so long as the wheels will go round competition allows of no time for repairs.

If you puncture a tyre you must take your life in your hands and ride on the rim of the wheel till the end of the journey is reached.

Perils and difficulties of this kind breed an alert and daring race, and these paper-carriers have now become as a class the finest and cleverest cyclists on the face of the earth.

They have broken records, and their picked men, such as "Sid" Oldham, of the "Sun," can hold their own with the foremost track racers of the day. And they have records of their own that few trick cyclists or track cyclists could hope to lower.

WHIRLWIND RECORDS.

For instance, what man without long usage to support him could dash from Fleet-street to the Mansion House in three minutes? And the performance of Leigh, of the "Evening News," who with a companion made Epsom Downs on motor bicycles through the mud and drenching rain of Derby Day in forty-five minutes, is no mean one. It easily eclipsed the fastest train along that route.

The makers of tyres, too, know that these men are dependable and safe riders, and many of them, in addition to their paper work, ride sixty miles daily in the work of testing tyres. They do their task cunning perhaps to Aldershot and back in the early morning.

Their paper runs in the afternoon they look upon as training which keeps them fit.

It is a curious thing, too, that this everlasting rush seems to dower them with perennial youth. Speak to one of these slim, fine-drawn lads, and you will find that far from being a lad at all he is a man fast nearing thirty, with a wife and several children.

And his married responsibilities do not disturb him. He will still light-heartedly whirl through London with the hand of death clutching at him day by day.

Sometimes he will evade it by clasping an omnibus horse round the head and at others by thowing his feet from the pedals to the ground and jerking and dragging himself to a standstill.

So it is to be hoped that these Mercuries of the Press do not marry nervous girls.—W. Holt White in the "Daily Express."

THE PORT OF KARACHI.

THE DEMAND FOR INCREASED ACCOMMODATION.

The present busy export season at Karachi promises to beat all previous records. Thirteen years ago in 1891, no less than 520,059 tons of wheat were shipped from that port, an advance of 50 per cent upon the previous record in the year 1888. These figures were not beaten till two years ago, when 901,876 tons of wheat were exported. Last year this figure mounted to 830,495, an advance of a little over 50 per cent, and the present year will not improbably see the export over one million tons. This phenomenal progress demands improvement in the shipping facilities of the port, and the Port Trust consequently have resolved at once to reclaim more land as Keamari and to extend an extra ship wharf. Enquiries are arriving in such numbers that no only are the pier and wharves fully engaged, but the resources of the Port Trust are heavily taxed to find appropriate moorings in the stream for the imposing fleet now awaiting opportunities to discharge and load. The regular supply of steamers being insufficient to meet this year's unusually heavy demand, extra vessels have been chartered in large numbers and sent here in ballast from Aden, Colombo, and South Africa. Karachi being unable through want of accommodation to go on receiving the ten thousand tons of wheat a day that the North-Western Railway have been pouring into the Port, the railway authorities have found themselves unable to expedite the despatch of wheat to Karachi. In the harbour itself considerable difficulties have been experienced. Not only are there insufficient berths available alongside the wharves, but the lighterage facilities are by quite inadequate to deal with the work of discharging and loading in the stream, and both the lighterage companies and the native boat owners are very hard pushed to meet the unprecedented demand made by importers, exporters, and steamer agents, with regard to vessels for which accommodation is not available at the wharves. Arrangements have, therefore, been made to utilise the North-Western Railway berths of river steamers now lying in the harbour and awaiting despatch to Calcutta. In view of the above circumstances and to deal fairly the Port Trust has resolved that steamers are to have berths allotted to them according to the time of arrival, an agent being allowed to choose which of his seamers should be berthed first, provided that no objection is raised by another agent on behalf of a steamer already waiting for a berth. The Port Trust have also drawn out plans for the creation of a new and extended import yard, and the construction of wharves on the western side of the harbour opposite the present James and Elphinstone Wharves, and they will shortly approach the Government with the object of securing independent expert opinion on the various proposed developments.

A telegram to the Australian papers of the 11th instant, states that the Russian newspapers are openly rejoicing over the opening of a section of the railway in Central Asia, admitting the same is a distinct menace to Afghanistan and Northern India. It is also stated that Russia is sending a Geographical Mission to the Pamirs.

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER

Hunyadi János

FOR GOUT & RHEUMATISM.

"Never gives rise to undesirable symptoms even if used continuously for years."—

PROF. IMMERMANN,
University of Basle.

Average dose:—a wineglassful before breakfast, either pure or diluted with a similar quantity of hot or cold water.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

The Government's bill to limit alien immigration seems to have been based on an unwritten code which is enforced along the shores of the Bosphorus by the dogs who do the scavenging in Constantinople. All alien dogs are here recognised as undesirable who have no visible independent means of sustenance. We quote from a small paper volume we have just received, Incidents in a Sailor's Life, written by a retired seaman, which contains other pleasurable records of authentic experience:—We were discharging a cargo of coal at a place on the Bosphorus called Ortakeui, and where we were moored stern on the quay with a plank gangway from the taffrail to the shore. As soon as the gangway was fixed a small dog we had on board went on shore to fraternise, . . . but immediately our dog reached the shore he was seized by the nape of the neck and forthwith, dropped into the Bosphorus, from which we had to rescue him. In explanation of this unfriendly act I may mention that the streets of Constantinople are parcelled out into beats by these pariah dogs, and they will not allow any intruder into their own particular district. Clearly we have here the highly developed sociological understanding that England was only just reached.

We cannot help quoting another of Mr. Harrison's reminiscences, although we fear it may seem disagreeable. It has, however, a good moral. Our passage homewards from Cronstadt to London was unduly prolonged by a succession of head-winds, and the stock of tobacco ran out, all except the master's, for the master chewed his, and it lasts longer that way. Then follows the confession:—Chips, the carpenter, consoled himself somewhat by smoking oakum; the rest of the crew got an occasional whiff by keeping a smart lookout on the master, who, just prior to going below to meals, used to remove carefully from his mouth his quid, which it was his wont to place carefully in the corner of the top-gallant bulwarks. For clearly it was useless during meals. Immediately that he disappeared below this was pounced on by one of the crew, carefully baked in the galley oven and smoked as tobacco of a mild smoking quality, before the captain had finished his meal. The moral, obviously is that sailors in tramp ships should not smoke on land, or they may be reduced to steal the quid or cud of others and demean themselves at sea.

We have as Englismen very great pleasure in quoting the following letter from "Tailor" (Manchester to a weekly contemporary:—"Your lady correspondent," he says, "Who is so disgusted with narrow-chested Englishmen must have travelled about the Continent wearing magnifying spectacles. Allow me as a tailor who has practised his craft in London Manchester, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Stockholm, St. Petersburg and Madrid, and also in several smaller Continental towns to state that my average measurements in England are two inches greater for height and three inches greater for chest than in any other European country. Furthermore, men on this side of the Channel refuse to have their clothing padded, whereas on the Continent they insist upon it." This sounds as if it must certainly be true. The worst of it is that the best-grown Englishmen are generally Scotch or Irish. About the padding too what do you expect to feel if you grip a friend by the shoulder when he is wearing a new coat? Not, surely, a collar-bone?

Much consternation has been caused in some parts of the east, coast in Norfolk and Suffolk especially, by the provisions of the Undersized Fish Bill, which Parliament has now in store. The 'longshore fisherman and the small trawlers are afraid it will put them into a very tight place, and in fact render them liable to prison or heavy fines for doing what they are accustomed to do. The bill, however is directed no against them, but against the large sea-going trawlers, it is intended to prevent the roving trawlers from scraping clean the "nursery grounds" where the small fish congregate. But a correspondent who knows the Norfolk and Suffolk coast well informs us that in some of the fishing hamlets and villages there, where the fishing has continued to an alarming degree of late years, the 'longshoremen are not blameless. "They make a practice of taking even the tiniest flat-fish; and long strings are to be seen hung up drying for lobster-bait besides those of a larger size, very often not more than half-grown, which are sent to the local markets." He adds that in many cases the men themselves fully realise how the mischief that had been done to their trade by this bad practice of their; and after their first fright at the bill they will recognise, he says, the sheer necessity for its being enforced.

England not fully appreciate the particularity of the American feeling about the mosquito. Every June the discussion of its character is resumed in the American press, and generally ends in the mosquito left it. Let us quote its latest American critic:—"It is absurd to imagine that there's any place on this earth except in the heart of a living volcano where mosquitoes are not present, it has been proven by the most authentic travellers that the Hindu lotus with wasp-stings in their tails flourish mightily among the higher altitudes of Rocky Mountains where the alder thickets are filled with their music. They were found in the polar regions by explorers in the midnight regions of the Arctic Circle, and in the Klondike country they are the Chief terror of the gold miner." It may be interjected here that, unless our memory misleads us, it was Emigration Scott on the mosquito, the wasp-sting in its tail must be regarded as a flight of fancy. But it resumes its more ordinary function in the Arctic zone. This little insect, continue the same writer, is a universally hated creature. It roams earth from the tropics to the polar regions where neither heat nor icy blizzards seem to exterminate them. . . . England goes along nicely with no mosquitoes, and is a New Zealander to know how quite appreciate our comparative immunity over here, and trust that if we take to growing the phu to plant it will only be from curiosity about its powers of giving a delicate flavour to our beef.

The question of Sunday observance has been before the courts at Brooklyn and Judge Gaynor has decided that games of professional baseball such as have been held during the present summer—that is games to which the public is invited and to which an admission fee is charged—are illegal on Sunday. One is compled however to remember that there are other practices of New York which the law does not admit on Sunday. Reformers might begin with the saloons.

A Lisbon paper lays it down as a rule of ethics that a man who gains 50 reis and spends 49 is rich, whilst he who earns 50 an i spends 51 is poor. This sounds somewhat horribly poor, indeed, but full of wits—that is if he keeps it up. The paper adds that at present in Portugal people are earning one and spending 100, even stated in reis this seems to show borrowing power of note. We blush for the moral poverty of Portugal.

A correspondent sends, "apropos" of the decay and revival of certain personal names, a note on Manx Christian names and surnames. In the Isle of Man, as he says, there is a singular mixture of Celtic, Saxon, and Scandinavian names, and the first have undergone a long process of phonetic corruption since the Irish influence on the people and the vernacular was relaxed. Some of these Gaelic names, indeed, have been so changed or shortened as to be hard to say what they were originally. "According to the Speaker of the House of Keys, the dropping of all but the last letter of the old prefix Mac (which is of course equivalent to the English suffix 'son') accounts for many of these queer decadent Manx names—e.g., the names beginning with C, K, or Q, such as Canster, Clague, Coole, Kelly, Kinip, Keig, Quiggin, Quilliam, and Qualtrough. Where the syllable 'Mac' was prefixed to personal names beginning with Gfolla or Gulley (servant of) the initial syllables have often been contracted into Myley. The surname Mac Gilley Cureast or Mac Gilcnrist, for instance, becomes Mylecanrees, or Mylecanreast. Early in the sixteenth century the prefix 'Mac' was almost universal in hundred years later it had almost disappeared from the Isle of Man." As for Manx women, "their names had the curious prefix 'Ine,' a shortened form of 'Inny' (daughter). Thus in 1511 we find Donny Mac Cowley and Kathrin ine Cowley. After the middle of the seventeenth century 'Ine' is not found though 'Inney' survives as a Christian name till about the early part of the present century. But one or two instances of the use of "Inney" as a later date in other districts have been known. It is a boter girl's name than some that are common to-day, although one correspondent does not exactly recommend it.

A propos of barbers a correspondent says that they manage them better in Pekin. It is the barber he says, and not the shoeblack, who is itinerant in Pekin. He goes about the street with his pot of fire his bowl, his towel, and his mysterious instruments. Also he carries a stool for the convenience of his clients. Ringing a bell to attract notice, he walks up and down the crowded streets, and when a customer appears he places his stool on the ground, lights the fire in his pot, and warms up the water. Then the client takes his seat on the stool—sometimes it may be in a part of the road where there is so much traffic that he has to move about during the operation. For the sum of one halfpenny the head is shaved, the eyebrows are put into order, and the ears are cleaned, and when the operation is completed a bystander is asked to adjudicate whether or not it is satisfactorily done. Then the halfpenny passes, should the decision be favourable to the barber, and he rings his bell three times to announce to the world that he has succeeded in giving satisfaction to a client and as a sort of advertisement to attract another. This sounds very brisk for China, but barbers here had better consult the by-laws before they go campaigning.

£10,000 FOR A CURE.

LARGE FEE OFFERED TO THE COLLIER-SURGEON.

There arrived at the house of William Rae, the Blantyre collier surgeon, on June, 25th a letter bearing a London postmark. It contained an extraordinary offer.

The letter ran as follows:—

Having heard of your wonderful powers I beg to ask if you can treat me. I would like my left leg straightened.

If you can do this successfully I am prepared to pay you the sum of £10,000. I would give you £100 before starting.

Rae was not at home when the offer came, for, worn out by his labours of the past month, and fearful of a breakdown in health, he quietly left Blantyre the previous evening for a rest in one of the Lanarkshire holiday resorts.

His son, however, wrote to the man who had offered the £10,000 fee that his father had made it a rule not to guarantee a cure until he had seen the patient.

Rae's absence caused the keenest disappointment to many pilgrims who had journeyed from all parts of England to avail themselves of his marvellous skill.

It was intended that Rae's retreat should be kept a strict secret, but by some means or other a score of cripples found their way to the place where he was resting.

Already 1,095 applications for treatment during Rae's visit of a fortnight to Bolton have been received.

It will be impossible for him to treat all the cases in the time, and he has decided that the rule of first come first served shall be rigidly followed.

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LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL
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Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
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SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.
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Physician to the Westminster Hospital.
"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."
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Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.
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JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.
"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, no doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."
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Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."
"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."
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"I feel it my duty to let suffering people know what a wonderful blood-purifying medicine is Ayer's Sarsaparilla. My illness began with sharp pains in the limbs, while I was handling wet wool. After a day or two I could not walk, and suffered terrible pains. My face turned nearly black, large red blotches came out all over my body, and then I became delirious. I was in two hospitals for some time, and everything was tried, but I grew weaker and weaker, and became quite emaciated. Nothing could be done for me. I had heard so much about Ayer's Sarsaparilla that I thought I would give it a trial as the last hope. After taking one bottle I thought I felt a little better. So I procured another bottle, and then another, and still another. I gradually improved, and in due time left my bed for the first time in six months. I am now in good health, and I say to every one that Ayer's Sarsaparilla saved my life."
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whiskey, peppermint, rhubarb, etc. They'll make you sick, and are quite useless! Such stimulants and drugs are only temporary in effect. Search out the seat of the disease with a common-sense medicine that will clear the sluggish liver, strengthen the debilitated stomach and give tone to the nervous system. Nature's Herbal Extract will do more for you than any other remedy you can find. It will increase the flow and strengthen the character of the gastric juice. It will digest your food immediately that it comes in contact with it—preventing fermentation.
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contains pure Carbolic Acid (healing and antiseptic) and other useful ingredients to not cure your dyspepsia. Such stimulants and drugs are only temporary in effect. Search out the seat of the disease with a common-sense medicine that will clear the sluggish liver, strengthen the debilitated stomach and give tone to the nervous system. Nature's Herbal Extract will do more for you than any other remedy you can find. It will increase the flow and strengthen the character of the gastric juice. It will digest your food immediately that it comes in contact with it—preventing fermentation.
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OLD PEOPLE, INVALIDS
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M.A.P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

It would be difficult to say for certain, without a hint from statistical authority, whether there are more deaths in the year in French plays than in English, but the impression one gets, as merely an occasional witness of the productions from Paris, is that the playwrights of the "gay city" are sworn among themselves that the interests of the serious drama are only properly served by plays that end in murder or suicide, or both. The habitual playgoer of Paris is probably proof against this impression, his familiarity with the characteristics of his country's dramatists together with his wide acquaintance with the French theatre generally, breeding in him an indifference, or rather an insensibility, to the thing that strike the more watchful stranger. Judging French theatricals as we see them done over here, serious drama would not be recognised as Parisian goods if its final curtain descended upon a living hero and a living heroine. The mortality among the principal characters in French drama is simply appalling.

Mme. Bernhardt has had what is probably the greatest experience of all tragediennes in the simulation of suicide. Her deaths by self-administered poison total up roughly to ten thousand; she has jumped into the scenic artist's Seine over seven thousand times; she has sent over five thousand bullets into her head from a revolver; and nearly the same number of daggers has the great actress to the inexpressible sorrow of intemperately sympathetic spectators plunged deep down into the chiffon at the side of her bodice. At a reception one night at Mr. Leopold Rothschild's a lady asked Mme. Bernhardt if she really kept a coffin at her house in Paris. "Certainly," answered the actress, with a smile; "and so would you if you were the Morgue's most constant customer!"

M. Deceour, who as Don Enrique in "La Sorciere" performs the sensational and not very fastidious act of killing himself by sucking from the lips of Zorayas the poison by which she herself has ended her life, is quite an old hand at suicide. It is not often that the dramatists have called upon him to drown or poison himself; these modes of suicide being as a rule reserved for the heroine of the stage—as, indeed, is the case in real life. M. Deceure's means of self-destruction has mostly been represented by the shrill revolver, and he estimates that he had used this weapon against his life on something like four thousand occasions—which is a large record for a hero, seeing that it is generally the heroine of French drama who is required to clear up the complications of intrigue by suicide. M. Tarride, whose success with Mme. Rejane last year is still fresh in the minds of all who have been enjoying his performances this season at the Avenue, is another noted suicide expert, and this notwithstanding the fact that his stage career has been associated with comedy quite as much as with tragedy, and that he cannot date his "debut" farther back than 1889.

It is to the revolver that M. Tarride, too, owes most among his thousands of deaths, and he, in common with so many actors who have had to use firearms on the stage, has had his embarrassing moments with defective caps. Once, in blood and thunder melodrama, when as a young man he was exercising his powers of declamation in the part of villain, it was his duty to close the play by shooting himself in the head, and the duty of several "villagers and others" to rush in on hearing the report of the revolver, and recognise by dumb show the "cause of death." In due and dreaded course the actor put the weapon to his forehead and pulled the trigger. But the wretched thing's response was merely a whispered click. The actor tried it again and again, with the same unsatisfactory result: and then, even in his confusion at the revolver's silence, thought of a brilliant way out of his difficulty. Turning to the audience, he said, "Luckily I brought the poison with me, in case (holding up the obstinate shooter) this failed me." And he took an imaginary phial from his waiste pocket, and treated the people to a "death by poisoning." But the element of resource had not, unfortunately travelled beyond the wings, for when, after waiting for sometime for the pistol's cue, the "First Villager" peered in at the door to see if the villain was dead, and finding him a corpse, called in his comrades the miserable super picked up the revolver in the usual way, and induced to the excited crowd that M. Tarride had blown out his brain!

Mr. Max Pemberton's "romance in four acts," The Finishing School is a familiar stage sequel to an equally familiar picture-shop photogravure. The first act is the photogravure. Dashing young Murray Vane has eloped with pretty Dorothy Melville, and while they are in the middle of a Gretna Green marriage ceremony, up clatters the enraged father of Murray in the picturesque riding costume of an S. E. Waller "commission," and cruelly and with not a few "Egad, Sirs!" stops the little game. Mr. Pemberton, being a conscientious historian, does not fail to inform us through the mouth of the blustering parent that the "ungrateful dog," Murray, was intended for the husband of his father's old friend's daughter, and that if he (Murray) does not learn obedience, he will be no longer the son of Sir John Vane. Several more "Egad Sirs!" a flourish of the heavy riding whip, and here endeth the photogravure.

It has been arranged that if in a year hence the runaway girl and the runaway boy are of the same mind, Sir John Vane will consider their suit; and so the author takes us with all speed to the eve of the day that shall mark the complete expiration of that dear old long, long year. But dainty Dorothy, who is a finishing school in the country, in order that Mr. Pemberton may have a title to his play that has never been used before, learns from an old friend that Murray is booked to celebrate the 365th day of his term-time by going to the war. There is, however, to be a ball at the barracks on the evening before his depature, and to this ball Dorothy must go in the dress of a young officer who is dragged into the play to lend his clothes to her and promptly bundled out of the evening's entertainment as soon as the author has thus made use of him; not, it should be said, on grounds of common decency, for it is carefully stated by the young man himself that he has got a second suit at his hotel. He simply drops out of the play for the reason that his only excuse for entering it was his possession of a spare suit of clothes.

That Miss Annie Hughes, whose feminine figure is accentuated rather than in any way concealed by the wearing of male attire, should be taken for a man, even by her lover, and made to drink more wine than she can stand, and fight a duel, and that in the end the photogravure father should relent and bless his son for a rascal and his prospective daughter-in-law for a rogue (all good humourously of course) is a development of the story that is made perfectly sure of by spectator at Wyndham's as soon as Dorothy deems it easier to make from her eventual father-in-law in a tight pair of breeches than in a skirt. But for its artificiality and commonness, The Finishing School may be seen and enjoyed for of its group it is a very excellent specimen (it is Max Pemberton's and that is saying a great deal) and it affords brilliant Miss Annie Hughes with opportunities she has never had before, and of which she takes the fullest advantage. She look very sweet as an S. E. waller girl, and very smart as a Pilotel or Wilhelm boy, and her support (meaning particularly Messrs. J. H. Barnes, Ben Webster, Frank Cooper and J. H. Brewer) is first rate.

That popular American actress Mrs. Maddern Fiske, wife of the proprietor of one of America's largest theatrical newspapers tells a terrible story (repeated to me by a friend from the "other side") of the state of the drama in Ann Arbor. The lady is an ardent ibsenite and like all other ardent Ibsenites cannot understand why there should be people who are not. With the town of Ann Arbor, with the Michigan professors, and with the audience that assembled to see her in the name-part of Hedda Gabler, Minnie Maddern Fiske as she calls herself in the programmes, is utterly and hopelessly disgusted. The actress is more angry with the Michigan University professors than with anyone else as declares that it is all through their defective teaching that musical plays draw full houses, and that the few students and other who look in at Ibsen chew peanuts all the time—that is, all the time they are not talking—and leave the theatre without having given even one little sign of applause. This is a very sad story, but the talented American actress must make allowance for the mood of students and their professors at playtime. "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," and when they leave problems for the play, they don't want to be confronted with a play of problems. Mr. Maddern Fiske will no doubt find it better to seek in other than University towns the appreciation and praise her clever acting deserves. Hedda Gabler is a bit of a "Hedda-sweller" after a day's hard work at the "ologies" of intellectual cultivation.

The tall, dark and strikingly handsome young lady was appears in the new Strand piece, Sergeant Brue as that eccentric officer's daughter, Aurora, has for a long time been a member of Mr. George Edwardes's company at Daly's Theatre. Miss Morrell, whose real name is Miller, and who is a sister of the Miss Miller who came over from America a few years ago, and made a great success at the Vaudeville in farcical comedy, had not been at Daly's for many months when Mr. Edwardes selected her as an understudy for Miss Hilda Moody. She proved herself to be so bright in Moody parts that she was soon given characters to create, as the phrase is; and she will be remembered as having contributed to A Country Girl not a little of the charm and lightness that carried the piece over the best part of a year. Miss Olive Morrell is one of many sisters, all of whom are both handsome and accomplished, and, with the help of a pretty manner, a pleasing voice, and an earnest love of her profession, she has managed to remain in London work from the time she made her first appearance in The Geisha.

Mr. George Rollit, the clever young author of "The Money Makers" tells me that his piece has not left London for good, but is merely enjoying a run round the suburbs while he looks out for a larger and more central house for it than the Royalty. I congratulate the suburbs, for a more amusing farce than Mr. Rollit's or a more original one, I have not seen for many years. Every funny incident in the piece seems the natural result of the preceding one, nothing is thrown into the fun merely because it is funny. It is a consistent and possible farce—that is one of the reasons why it is so amusing. The suburban company is, as a matter of fact, the London company to a man and to a woman, so that at the Coronet, Notting Hill, last week, the audiences were probably introduced for the first time in their lives to a London company that was really what it professed to be, and not a company rehearsed in London and containing just one London star. Pretty Miss Muriel Ashwynne, who is so delightfully innocent of wrong intention in assuming the name of Major and inviting the public to send in their postal orders in exchange for a sporting tip, is the daughter of a Willesden doctor, and learnt most of what she knows of acting on a small stage erected in a room on the top floor of her father's house. After a few lessons from a professional, Miss Ashwynne was given an important part in Mademoiselle Mars, the play in which Mrs. Langtry and Mr. Lewis Waller appeared together at the Imperial.

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MILD, MEDIUM, AND FULL.

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Worry and Anxiety

almost inevitably lead to a weakened and impoverished condition of the nervous system. These are forms of mental and nervous fatigue, and indicate that the nervous system is unequal to the demands made upon it by business responsibilities, social obligations, or professional duties. Such feelings give urgent and emphatic warning that the entire nervous system has become enfeebled, either as a consequence of nervous overstrain or owing to imperfect nutrition, resulting from physical illness or disorder.

Nervous Debility

of which worry and anxiety are such distressing symptoms, demands special treatment the nature of which is easily understood. If the body be weak it shows that fitting nourishment is required, and the same is equally true if the nervous system be weakened. It needs proper nutrition.

But how seldom the exhausted nervous system receives the right treatment. In many cases stimulants are resorted to, which give merely fictitious and temporary strength to the nerves, but actually leave them more weakened and worn out than before. If the nervous system be exhausted it really requires a remedy that will assist the nervous system to assimilate nourishment from the ordinary food, and will at the same time supply the vital nerve elements which are lost under the strain of overwork. Such a remedy is found in

Bishop's Tonules

A Nerve Nutrient not a Stimulant.

Bishop's Tonules are a thoroughly scientific preparation, free from harmful drugs and act directly upon the nerves, improving their nutrition, building up the worn away tissues, and restoring the impoverished nervous system to full health and vigour.

To understand how and why Bishop's Tonules do this it must be borne in mind that in nervous disorders generally the nerve and brain substance is worn away faster than it can be replaced. The nerves also lack the power to extract from the food taken the elements which they have lost, and until they can do this there can be no improvement in their exhausted condition.

The principal of these nervous disorders are as follows: Nervous and General Debility or Impaired Vitality, indicated by Lassitude, Fatigue, Want of Mental and Physical Energy, Weakened Will Power, Inability for Sustained Mental Effort, Irritability and Brain Fag, Nervous Exhaustion, Indecision and Lack of Confidence and "Pluck," Mental Depression, Worry and Anxiety, Forebodings, Morbidity and Melancholy, Neurasthenia, or a worn-out condition of the Nervous System generally, characterised by Headache, Vertigo, Muscular and Nervous Prostration, and Diminished Mental Powers.

There is no pretence that Bishop's Tonules do anything magical or extraordinary. They simply supply those elements that are lacking, and supply them in such a form that they can be taken up easily and naturally by the nerves. Hence it is only reasonable to expect nerve restoration where they are used.

Obviously this takes time, just as an ill-nourished body cannot be built up in a day; but the result of a continued course of treatment by Bishop's Tonules will be the restoration of the nervous system to perfect health and strength.

The effects of the Tonule treatment may not be apparent immediately, but after a short time there is an improvement in the appetite, the assimilation of food is promoted, the liver stimulated, and the flow of bile increased. The various organs of the body all show improved activity and the building up of the tissues is hastened. The eyes grow brighter and the complexion more healthy. There is a tendency for thin subjects to gain flesh, while soft and flabby flesh becomes firm. In addition to all these evidences of the power of Bishop's Tonules, the symptoms of nervous debility and exhaustion gradually disappear, and it is only a question of time as to how long it will take for the whole nervous system to be restored to full strength.

Bishop's Tonules

A Fortnight's Treatment 2/9.

A letter has just been received from a gentleman in Hampshire in the following terms:—"I have now gone through a fortnight's course of Bishop's Tonules with great benefit. I was suffering from nevousness and depression, and these have almost disappeared, especially the latter. I took one Tonule with each of my three meals."

Bishop's Tonules are supplied in vials containing a fortnight's treatment, made by Alfred Bishop (Limited), Spelman-street, Mile End New Town, London, supplies may be obtained from your chemist or drug store for 2s. 9d. Alfred Bishop (Limited) are Manufacturing Chemists only, and have but one address.

Note

There are two points we wish specially to emphasise. One is that it is supremely unwise to delay commencing the treatment with Bishop's Tonules if you recognise that you are suffering from nervous overstrain or nervous or brain exhaustion. Your condition will become worse, and you may have a serious breakdown as a result of your neglect. The other point is that Alfred Bishop are always pleased to give further information to any requiring it.

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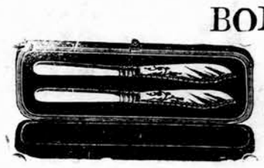
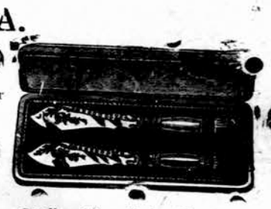
Spirit Kettle
Best Electro Silver Plate, Rs. 82.



Sterling Silver Blades. Mother-of-Pearl handles, in case, Rs 55.

Best electro Silver Plate on Nickel Silver Ivory handle or Mother-of-Pearl, Rs. 3.

Best Electro Silver Plate on Nickel Silver, Ivory handle, Rs. 2/8.



Sterling Silver Blades, Rs. 30.
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Electro Plate on Nickel Silver, Rs. 16.

Spirit Kettle.
Electro Silver Plate, Rs. 42.

Sterling Silver Butter Knife. Mother-of-Pearl handle. Hand engraved, Rs. 7-8.

Sterling Silver throughout. Blade and handles, Hand engraved, Rs. 32.

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TEA AND COFFEE SERVICE,
4 pieces.
Floral engraving as illustrated,
Sugar and Cream, gilt inside.
Best electro Silver Plated on Brittania Metal, Rs. 75.

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Teapot.
Fluted and Hand engraved. Finest Quality Silver Plated on pure Nickel Silver,
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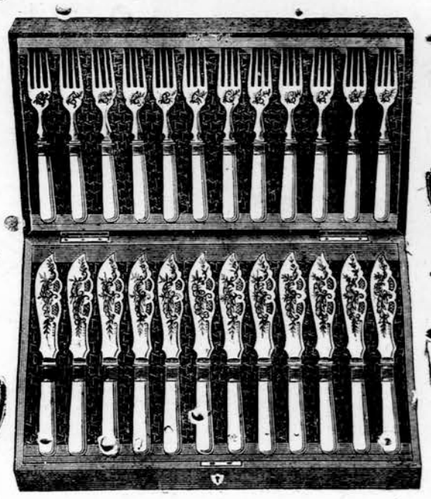

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Service of 3 Pieces.
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Best electro Silver plated on Brittania Metal.
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writes: "Please send me three bottles of 'Harlene' for the Hair by return."

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1/-, 2/6, and (3 times 2/6 size) 4/6 per Bottle, from Chemists and Stores all over the World.

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writes: "Previous to my using HARLENE, my hair had become brittle and was falling off. I have used your preparation daily for 18 months, and my hair is quite restored. I cannot recommend Harlene too highly."

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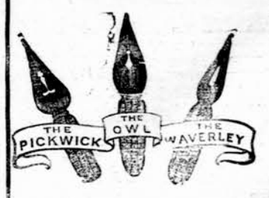

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ACTS LIKE MAGIC.
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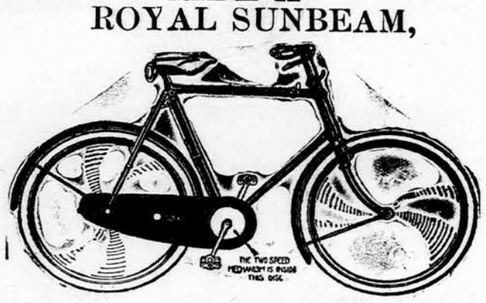

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